



Lee & Man Paper Manufacturing Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) Stock Code: 2314 (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)股份代號: 2314



CONTENTS		目錄
Corporate Information	2	公司資料
Chairman's Statement	4	主席報告
Management Discussion and Analysis	5	管理層討論及分析
Corporate Governance Report	8	公司管治報告
Profile of Directors and Senior Management	14	董事及高級管理層簡介
Directors' Report	18	董事會報告
Auditors' Report	27	核數師報告
Consolidated Income Statement	29	綜合損益表
Consolidated Balance Sheet	30	綜合資產負債表
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	32	綜合權益變動表
Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	33	綜合現金流量表
Notes to the Financial Statements	35	財務報表附註
Financial Summary	92	財務摘要

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

Board of Directors

Executive director Mr Lee Wan Keung Patrick (*Chairman*) Mr Lee Man Chun Raymond (*Chief Executive Officer*)

Mr Lee Man Bun Mr Li King Wai Ross Mr Tan Siak Him Alexander

Non-executive director Professor Poon Chung Kwong

Independent non-executive director

Mr Wong Kai Tung Tony Mr Heng Kwoo Seng Ms Law Kar Shui Elizabeth

Company Secretary

Mr Cheung Kwok Keung

Registered Office

Century Yard Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 GT George Town Grand Cayman British West Indies

Principal Office

5th Floor, Liven House 61-63 King Yip Street Kwun Tong Kowloon Hong Kong

Principal Bankers

In Hong Kong: Hang Seng Bank Limited Standard Chartered Bank (HK) Ltd Citibank, N.A.

In the PRC: China Construction Bank Agricultural Bank of China Bank of China

董事會

執行董事 李運強先生(*主席*) 李文俊先生(*行政總裁*) 李文斌先生 李經緯先生 陳錫鑫先生

非執行董事 潘宗光教授

獨立非執行董事 王啟東先生 邢詒春先生

漏 羅 嘉穗小姐

公司秘書

張國強先生

註冊辦事處

Century Yard Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 GT George Town Grand Cayman British West Indies

總辦事處

香港 九龍觀塘 敬業街61-63號 利維大廈5樓

主要往來銀行

香港: 恒生銀行有限公司 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司 花旗銀行

中國:

中國建設銀行 中國農業銀行 中國銀行

Auditors

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Bank of Butterfield International (Cayman) Ltd. Butterfield House 68 Fort Street P.O. Box 705 George Town Grand Cayman Cayman Islands

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Tricor Investor Services Limited 26/F, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

Website

http://www.leemanpaper.com

核數師

德勤●關黃陳方會計師行 *執業會計師*

主要股份過户登記處

Bank of Butterfield International (Cayman) Ltd. Butterfield House 68 Fort Street P.O. Box 705 George Town Grand Cayman Cayman Islands

香港股份過户登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東28號 金鐘滙中心26樓

網址

http://www.leemanpaper.com

Business Review & Outlook

For the fiscal year of 2005/2006, the Group achieved a turnover of HK\$3,778 million and has recorded a net profit of HK\$600 million. This represents an increase in turnover of 36.3% and an increase in net profit of 43.6% over last year. During the year, we have started our seventh production line (PM7), with an annual capacity of 400,000MT, at our newest Hongmei plant, which is expected to bring contributions in the coming years. Now, all seven of our paper production lines (PM1 to PM7) and our pulp mill, with an annual paper capacity of 1,600,000MT and an annual pulp capacity of 200,000MT, are running at full capacity.

As China's economy grows, China's paper consumption will also grow at similar pace. While we expect China continue to be the most important market for our products, we will also be selling our products outside China to enhance our leadership position internationally. Our low cost structure, our superior quality and our strategic location make our products extremely competitive in the global market.

Within China, we will be introducing a wider range of products for different customers' needs. Further, our piers at Changshu and Chongqing are expected to be operational soon. With these piers, we hope to serve our customers better in the Yangtze River Delta and in the south-west region of China by allowing us to make more timely deliveries at a lower cost.

In order to supply the growing China and export markets, we have plans to start four new production lines in the next 18 months. Our eighth and tenth production lines (PM8 and PM10) will start operation at our Changshu plant. Likewise, our ninth and eleventh production lines (PM9 and PM11) will start operation at our Hongmei plant. With this expansion, the Group's annual paper capacity will exceed 3,100,000MT, making the Group one of the largest containerboard producers in the world.

On behalf of the Board	承董事命
Lee Wan Keung Patrick Chairman	李運強 主席
Hong Kong, 26 June 2006	香港,二零零六年六月二十六日

業務回顧及展望

於2005/2006財政年度,本集團共錄得營業額37.78 億港元及純利6.00億港元,較去年增長36.3%及 43.6%。年內,集團年產40萬噸的第七號生產線 (PM7)在新落成的洪梅廠投產,將對來年度利潤作出 貢獻。集團現時的七條造紙生產線(PM1至PM7)及木 漿廠,年產量分別為160萬噸及20萬噸,全部正以全 速運行生產。

隨著中國經濟增長,中國的紙張用量亦同樣穩步地 增長。預期中國仍是我們最重要的市場,但我們亦同 時會將產品銷往海外以提高集團在國際上的領導地 位。低成本、優越的品質及策略性位置令本集團的產 品在全球市場上非常具備競爭力。

在中國國內,我們將會推出更多類型的產品以滿足 不同客戶的需要。再者,常熟及重慶之碼頭亦將會啟 用。有了這兩個碼頭,我們希望可以更快捷及以更低 成本運送貨品,提供更好的服務給予長三角及西南 部的客戶。

為配合中國及出口市場的需求增長,集團已計劃在 未來十八個月內加開四條造紙生產線。第八號及第 十號生產線將在常熟廠房投產,而第九號及第十一 號生產線將在洪梅廠房投產。產能增加後,集團造紙 年產量將突破310萬噸,令集團繼續成為世界最大 箱板原紙生產商之一。 MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

Results of Operation

Turnover and net profit attributable to shareholders for the year ended 31 March 2006 was HK\$3,778 million and HK\$600 million, representing an increase of 36.3% and 43.6%, as compared to HK\$2,771 million and HK\$418 million, respectively, for last year. The earnings per share for the year was HK62.24 cents when compared with HK43.54 cents for last year.

The increase in turnover and net profit were mainly attributable to the significant increase in the Group's sales of containerboard mainly due to the result of the full year commercial operation of the paper machine VI which started in September 2004.

Distribution Costs and Administrative Expenses

The Group's distribution costs and administrative expenses increased by approximately 117% and 37% from HK\$54.5 million and HK\$109.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2005 to HK\$118.5 million and HK\$150.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2006 respectively as a result of the expansion in the operation of the Group and the increase in the Group's turnover during the year.

Finance Costs

The Group's finance costs was HK\$72.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2006 as compared to HK\$13.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2005. The increase was mainly due to the increase in average amount of outstanding bank loans during the year.

Inventories, Debtors' and Creditors' Turnover

The inventory turnover of the Group's raw materials and finished products were 85 days and 12 days, respectively, for the year ended 31 March 2005 as compared to 100 days and 11 days, respectively, for the year ended 31 March 2006. This exhibits continued strong demand from our customers.

The Group's debtors' turnover days were 65 days for the year ended 31 March 2006 as compared to 66 days for the year ended 31 March 2005. This is in line with the credit terms of around 45 days to 60 days granted by the Group to its customers.

The Group's creditors' turnover days were 18 days for the year ended 31 March 2005 as compared to 26 days for the year ended 31 March 2006 and is in line with the credit terms granted by the Group's suppliers to the Group.

經營業績

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度的營業額及股 東應佔純利分別為37.78億港元及6.0億港元,較去 年的27.71億港元及4.18億港元,分別增加36.3%及 43.6%。本年度的每股盈利為62.24港仙,去年則為 43.54港仙。

營業額及純利同告上升,主要歸因於本集團自二零 零四年九月開始投產的第六號造紙機於本年度全年 投產,帶動本集團箱板原紙銷量激增所致。

分銷成本及行政費用

本集團的分銷成本及行政費用分別由截至二零零五 年三月三十一日止年度的54.5百萬港元及1.10億港 元,上升至截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度的 1.19億港元及1.50億港元,增加約117%及37%。分 銷成本及行政費用有所增加,原因是本集團於年內 擴充業務,以及本集團的營業額增加所致。

財務成本

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度,本集團的財務成本為72.9百萬港元,而於截至二零零五年三月 三十一日止年度則為13.1百萬港元。財務成本上升 主要由於年內未償還平均銀行貸款增加所致。

存貨、應收賬款及應付賬款周轉期

本集團於截至二零零五年三月三十一日止年度的原 料及製成品存貨周轉期分別為85日及12日,而於截 至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度則分別為100日 及11日。由此可見,本集團客戶需求的增長勢頭依 然強勁。

本集團於截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度的應 收賬款周轉期為65日,而於截至二零零五年三月三 十一日止年度則為66日。上述應收賬款周轉期與本 集團給予客戶介乎45日至60日的信貸期相符。

本集團於截至二零零五年三月三十一日止年度的應 付賬款周轉期為18日,而於截至二零零六年三月三 十一日止年度則為26日。上述應付賬款周轉期與供 應商給予本集團的信貸期相符。

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Capital Structure

The total shareholders' fund of the Group as at 31 March 2006 was HK\$3,577 million (31 March 2005: HK\$3,041 million). As at 31 March 2006, the Group had current assets of HK\$1,846 million (31 March 2005: HK\$1,373 million) and current liabilities of HK\$1,148 million (31 March 2005: HK\$912 million). The current ratio was 1.61 as at 31 March 2006 as compared to 1.51 at 31 March 2005.

The Group generally finances its operations with internally generated cashflow and credit facilities provided by its principal bankers in Hong Kong and the PRC. As at 31 March 2006, the Group had outstanding bank borrowings of HK\$883 million (31 March 2005: HK\$769 million). These bank loans were secured by corporate guarantees provided by certain subsidiaries of the Company. In addition, the Group issued HK\$1,000 million zero coupon convertible bonds due in 2011 in January 2006. The Group's net debt-to-equity ratio (total borrowings net of cash and cash equivalents over shareholders' equity) increased from 0.23 as at 31 March 2005 to 0.47 as at 31 March 2006 as a result of the capital expenditure spent on paper machine VII during the year.

The Group's liquidity position remains strong and the Group possesses sufficient cash and available banking facilities to meet its commitments, working capital requirements and future investments for expansion.

The Group's transactions and the monetary assets are principally denominated in Renminbi, Hong Kong dollars or United States dollars. The Group has not experienced any material difficulties or effects on its operations or liquidity as a result of fluctuations in currency exchange rates during the year ended 31 March 2006. During the year ended 31 March 2006, the Group has used currency structured instruments, foreign currency borrowings or other means to hedge its foreign currency exposure. In this regards, the Group considers its currency risk is significantly reduced.

流動資金、財務資源及資本結構

於二零零六年三月三十一日,本集團的股東資金總 額為35.77億港元(二零零五年三月三十一日:30.41 億港元)。於二零零六年三月三十一日,本集團的流 動資產達18.46億港元(二零零五年三月三十一日: 13.73億港元),而流動負債則為11.48億港元(二零 零五年三月三十一日:9.12億港元)。二零零六年三 月三十一日的流動比率為1.61,二零零五年三月三 十一日則為1.51。

本集團一般以內部產生的現金流量,以及中港兩地 主要往來銀行提供的信貸備用額作為業務的營運資 金。於二零零六年三月三十一日,本集團的未償還銀 行貸款為8.83億港元(二零零五年三月三十一日: 7.69億港元)。該筆銀行借貸由本公司若干附屬公司 提供的公司擔保作為抵押。另外,本集團於二零零六 年一月已發行於二零一一年到期之10億港元可換 股債券。因第七號造紙機令資本開支於年內增加,本 集團的淨資本負債比率(借貸總額減現金及現金等 價物除以股東權益)由二零零五年三月三十一日的 0.23上升至二零零六年三月三十一日的0.47。

本集團的流動資金狀況保持穩健,且具備充裕的現 金及可供動用的銀行備用額以應付集團的承擔、營 運資金需要,並作為日後投資以擴充業務所需。

本集團的交易及貨幣資產主要以人民幣、港元或美 元計值。截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團的營運或流動資金未曾因匯率波動而面臨任何重 大困難或影響。截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團採用貨幣結構工具、外幣借貸或其他途徑 作外幣對沖方法。就此而言,本集團認為貨幣風險已 大幅降低。



Use of Proceeds From the Issue of the Convertible Bonds

The net proceeds from the issue of the convertible bonds which was completed in January 2006, of approximately HK\$972 million, will be used to finance the Group's acquisition of paper machine VIII and related production equipment and services which are expected to be incurred over the next one year. The proceeds from the issue of the convertible bonds not immediately applied towards the purchase of paper machine VIII have been employed as general working capital.

Employees

As at 31 March 2006, the Group had a workforce of more than 3,200 people. Salaries of employees are maintained at competitive level and are reviewed annually, with close reference to the relevant labour market and economic situation. The Group also provides internal training to staff and provides bonuses based upon staff performance and profits of the Company.

The Group has not experienced any significant problems with its employees or disruption to its operations due to labour disputes nor has it experienced any difficulty in the recruitment and retention of experienced staff. The Group maintains a good relationship with its employees.

The Group has a Share Option Scheme whereby employees of the Group are granted options to acquire shares in the Company.

發行可換股債券所得款項用途

於二零零六年一月完成發行可換股債券所得款項淨 額約為9.72億港元,用作購買本集團第八號造紙機 及有關生產設備。這些開支預計將於未來一年產生。 未用於購買第八號造紙機的發行可換股債券所得款 項淨額,則已撥作一般營運資金。

僱員

於二零零六年三月三十一日,本集團擁有逾3,200名 員工。僱員薪酬維持於具競爭力水平,並會每年審 閱,且密切留意有關勞工市場及經濟市況趨勢。本集 團亦為僱員提供內部培訓,並按員工表現及本公司 盈利發放花紅。

本集團並無出現任何重大僱員問題,亦未曾因勞資 糾紛令營運中斷,在招聘及挽留經驗豐富的員工時 亦不曾出現困難。本集團與僱員的關係良好。

本集團設有購股權計劃,本集團僱員可據此授購股 權,以認購本公司股份。

Corporate Governance Practices

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance. The board of directors (the "Board") of the Company believes that sound and reasonable corporate governance practices are essential for the growth of the Group and for safeguarding and maximizing shareholders' interests. During the year under review, the Company has complied with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities ("Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The objectives of the management structures within the Group, headed by the Board and led by the Chairman, are to deliver sustainable value to Shareholders.

The Chairman provides leadership to and oversees the effective functioning of the Board. With support of the Chief Executive Officer and the Company Secretary, the Chairman approves Board meeting agenda, and ensures Directors have proper briefing, and timely receive adequate and reliable information, on all Board matters.

The role of the Chairman is separate from that of the Chief Executive Officer, and difference persons hold the separate offices. Chief Executive Officer heads the management and focuses on the day-to-day operations of the Group.

Directors' Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as a code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions in 2004. All the members of the Board have confirmed, following specific enquiry by the Company that they have complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2006. The Model Code also applies to other specified senior management of the Group.

企業管治常規

本公司致力保持高水準之企業管治。本公司董事會 (「董事會」)相信,對本集團成長及對保障及提高股 東權益,完善及合理的企業管治常規實在不可或缺。 本公司於回顧年內一直遵守香港聯合交易所有限公 司證券上市規則「(上市規則)」附錄14所載之企業 管治常規守則(「守則」)。

本集團管理架構以主席領導的董事會為首,其目標 是持續不斷為股東創造價值。

主席負責領導董事會並監督董事會,使其得以有效 發揮功能。在行政總裁及公司秘書的支持下,主席批 准董事會議程,並確保妥善向董事作出簡報,且及時 就一切有關董事會的事宜向董事發放充足可靠的資 料。

主席與行政總裁的職務明確劃分,職務由不同人士 分別擔任。行政總裁負責領導管理層,專門負責本集 團的日常營運。

董事之證券交易

本公司已於二零零四年採納上市規則附錄10所載 之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標 準守則」)作為董事進行證券交易之行為守則。本公 司經向所有董事作出具體查詢後,全體董事皆確認 於截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度均遵守標準 守則所載之規定標準。標準守則亦適用於本集團之 特定高級管理層。

Board of Directors

Composition and Role

The Board comprises:

Executive Directors: Mr Lee Wan Keung Patrick *(Chairman)* Mr Lee Man Chun Raymond BBS Mr Lee Man Bun Mr Li King Wai Ross Mr Tan Siak Him Alexander

Non-executive Director: Professor Poon Chung Kwong GBS JP

Independent Non-executive Director: Mr Heng Kwoo Seng Mr Wong Kai Tung Tony Ms Law Kar Shui Elizabeth

The Board comprises of five executive directors (one of whom is the Chairman), one non-executive director and three independent non-executive directors. The three independent non-executive directors represent one-third of the Board. In addition, three of the independent non-executive directors possess appropriate legal, professional accounting qualifications and financial management expertise.

The principal focus of the Board is on the overall strategic development of the Group. The Board also monitors the financial performance and the internal controls of the Group's business operations.

The independent non-executive directors also serve the important function of ensuring and monitoring the basis for an effective corporate governance framework. The Board considers that each independent non-executive director is independent in character and judgment and that they all meet the specific independence criteria as required by the Listing Rules. The Company has received from each independent nonexecutive director an annual confirmation or confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The independent non-executive directors are explicitly identified in all of the Company's corporate communications.

董事會

架構及角色 董事會包括:

執行董事: 李運強先生(主席) 李文俊先生_{銅紫荊星章} 李文斌先生 李經緯先生 陳錫鑫先生

非執行董事: 潘宗光教授 GBS 太平坤士

獨立非執行董事: 邢詒春先生 王啟東先生 羅嘉穗小姐

董事會包括5位執行董事(其中1位為主席)、1位非 執行董事及3位獨立非執行董事。3位獨立非執行董 事佔董事會成員三分之一。此外、3位獨立非執行董 事分別具適當之法律、專業會計師資格及財務管理 經驗。

董事會主要著眼於本集團之整體策略及發展。董事 會亦監察本集團經營業務之財務表現及內部監控。

獨立非執行董事亦在確保及監察有效企業管治之架 構中擔當非常重要的角色。董事會相信每一位獨立 非執行董事均有其獨立性及判斷力,彼等均合乎上 市規則規定之特定獨立準則。本公司已接獲各獨立 非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條規定所作出之年 度獨立性確認函。而獨立非執行董事均可在本公司 所有企業通訊內明確識別。

Board of Directors (Continued)

Composition and Role (Continued)

The Chairman is primarily responsible for drawing up and approving the agenda for each board meeting in consultation with all directors. Notice of at least 14 days have been given to all directors for all regular board meetings and the directors can include matters for discussion in the agenda if necessary. Agenda and accompanying board papers in respect of regular board meetings are sent out in full to all directors within reasonable time before the meeting. Draft minutes of all board meetings are circulated to directors for comment within a reasonable time prior to confirmation.

Minutes of board meetings and meetings of board committees are kept by duly appointed secretaries of the respective meetings and all directors have access to board papers and related materials, and are provided with adequate information on a timely manner, which enable the Board to make an informed decision on matters placed before it.

During the year, full board meetings were held and the individual attendance of each director is set out below:

董事會 *(續)* 架構及角色 *(續)*

主席經徵詢全體董事,首要負責草擬及審批每次董 事會會議之議程。開會通知最少於常務會議14天前 發送予各董事,如需要,董事可要求在議程內加插討 論事項。召開常務會議時,一套完整議程連同開會文 件會在開會前之合理時間內發送予各董事。草擬的 會議紀錄亦會於合理時間內送交各董事省閲,方予 確認。

董事會及董事委員會之會議紀錄由相關會議所委任 之秘書保存,所有董事均有權查閱董事會文件及相 關資料及適時地獲提供足夠資料,使董事會可於決 策事項前作出有根據的判斷。

年內,已召開全體董事會,各董事出席情況詳列如 下:

		Number of board meetings attended 出席董事會
Name of director	董事姓名	會議次數
	李運強先生	4/5
Mr Lee Man Chun Raymond BBS	李文俊先生銅紫荊星章	5/5
Mr Lee Man Bun	李文斌先生	3/5
Mr Li King Wai Ross	李經緯先生	4/4
Mr Tan Siak Him Alexander	陳錫鑫先生	2/5
Prof Poon Chung Kwong GBS JP	潘宗光教授 GBS 太平坤士	1/5
Mr Heng Kwoo Seng	邢詒春先生	3/5
Mr Wong Kai Tung Tony	王啟東先生	3/5
Ms Law Kar Shui Elizabeth	羅嘉穗小姐	0/5



Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established in 2003 and its current members include:

Mr Heng Kwoo Seng (*Chairman*) Mr Wong Kai Tung Tony Ms Law Kar Shui Elizabeth

The Board considers that each Audit Committee member has broad commercial experience and there is a suitable mix of expertise in legal, business and accounting on the Audit Committee. The composition and members of the Audit Committee complies with the requirements under Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules. The written terms of reference which describe the authority and duties of the Audit Committee were adopted in 2003 to conform to the provisions of the Code, a copy of which is posted on the Company's website.

The Audit Committee meets regularly to review the Group's financial reporting and other information to shareholders, the system of internal controls, risk management and the effectiveness and objectively of the audit process. The Audit Committee also provides an important link between the Board and the Company's auditors in matters coming within the scope of its terms of reference and keeps under review the independence and objectivity of the auditors.

The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters including a review of the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2006.

During the year, three Audit Committee meetings were held and the individual attendance of each member is set out below:

審核委員會

審核委員會於2003年成立,其現時成員包括:

邢詒春先生(*主席)* 王啟東先生 羅嘉穗小姐

董事會認為各審核委員會成員均具備廣泛營商經驗,審核委員會當中兼備合適之法律、商業及會計專業。審核委員會之架構及成員符合上市規則第3.21 條之規定。為符合守則條文,描述審核委員會權限及職責之職權範圍已於二零零三年被採納,職權範圍 全文已刊載於本公司網頁內。

審核委員會定期開會以檢討本集團之財務匯報及給 予股東之其他資料、內部監控系統、風險管理及審核 過程之有效性及效能。審核委員會並為董事會及公 司核數師之間之重要橋樑,在其職權範圍內持續檢 討核數師之獨立性及效能。

審核委員會已與管理層檢討本集團所採納之會計原 則及慣例,並已就內部監控及財務匯報等事項進行 討論,其中包括審閱截止二零零六年三月三十一日 之年度的會計賬目。

年內·共召開3次審核委員會會議·個別成員的出席 情況詳列如下:

Name of member	成員姓名	Number of attendance 出席次數
Mr Heng Kwoo Seng	邢詒春先生	3/3
Mr Wong Kai Tung Tony	王啟東先生	3/3
Ms Law Kar Shui Elizabeth	羅嘉穗小姐	3/3

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established in 2005 and the current members include:

Mr Heng Kwoo Seng *(Chairman)* Mr Wong Kai Tung Tony Ms Law Kar Shui Elizabeth

All members of the Remuneration Committee are independent non-executive directors. The Remuneration Committee advises the Board on the Group's overall policy and structure for the remuneration of directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee ensures that no director or any of his associate is involved in deciding his own remuneration. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee were adopted in 2005 to conform to the provisions of the Code, a copy of which is posted on the Company's website.

In determining the emolument payable to directors, the Remuneration Committee takes into consideration factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the directors, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and the desirability of performance-based remuneration.

The Remuneration Committee meets regularly to determine the policy for the remuneration of directors and assess performance of executive directors and certain senior management. As the Remuneration Committee was established in September 2005, only one Remuneration Committee meeting was held during the year and all members have attended in the first meeting.

Auditors' Remuneration

For the year ended 31 March 2006, the auditors of the Company only provided audit services to the Company.

Internal Controls

The Board has overall responsibility for the system of internal controls of the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness. The Board is committed to implementing an effective and sound internal controls system to safeguard the interest of shareholders and the Group's assets. The Board has delegated to executive management the implementation of the system of internal controls and reviewing of all relevant financial, operational, compliance controls and risk management function within an established framework.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於二零零五年成立,現時成員包括:

邢詒春先生(*主席)* 王啟東先生 羅嘉穗小姐

所有薪酬委員會成員均為獨立非執行董事。薪酬委員會為本集團董事及高級管理層之薪酬之整體政策 及架構向董事會作出建議。薪酬委員會確保概無董 事或其任何聯繫人參與釐定其本身之薪酬。為符合 守則條文,薪酬委員會的職權範圍已於二零零五年 被採納,並已刊載於本公司網頁內。

在釐定應付予董事之酬金時,薪酬委員會乃考慮各 項因素,包括同業薪金水平,董事所奉獻之時間及其 職責,集團內部的僱傭情況及與表現掛鈎之酬金。

薪酬委員會定期開會以釐定董事之酬金政策及評估 執行董事及若干高級管理層之表現。由於薪酬委員 會於二零零五年九月才成立,年內只召開會議一次, 所有成員均有出席首次會議。

核數師薪酬

截止二零零六年三月三十一日止年度,本公司的核 數師只向本公司提供核數服務。

內部監控

董事會全面負責本集團之內部監控系統及檢討其是 否有效。董事會致力實行有效及完善之內部監控系 統以保障股東利益及本集團資產。董事會已指派執 行管理層在設定之範疇內實行內部監控系統及檢討 所有相關財政、營運、遵守法則監控及風險管理 功能。

Directors' Responsibility Statement

The directors are responsible for the preparation of accounts for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flow for that period. In preparing the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2006, the directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; adopted appropriate Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Accounting Standards; made adjustments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and have prepared the accounts on the going concern basis. The directors are also responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group.

Investor Relations and Communication

The Board is committed to providing clear and full information about the Group's performance to shareholders through the publication of interim results and annual results in a timely manner. In addition to dispatching circulars, notices and financial reports to shareholders, additional information is also available to shareholders on the website of the Company.

The annual general meeting provides a useful forum for shareholders to raise comments and exchange views with the Board. Shareholders are encouraged to attend annual general meetings for which the Company gives at least 21 days' notice. The Chairman and Directors and external auditors are available to answer questions on the Company's businesses at the meeting.

Separate resolutions are proposed at the general meetings on each substantially separate issue, including the election of individual directors. In addition, procedures for demanding a poll are included in the circular to shareholders dispatched together with the annual report.

董事的職責

董事須負責編制各財政期間能真實與公正地反映本 集團之財政狀況及該期間之業績及現金流量之賬 目。在編制截止二零零六年三月三十一日止年度之 賬目時,董事已貫徹採用合適之會計政策,採納合適 的香港財務報告準則及香港會計準則,作出審慎及 合理的調整及評估,及在持續進行有關業務之基準 而編製。董事並須負責保存適當之會計紀錄,以能合 理準確地披露本集團任何時候之財務狀況。

與投資者交流及溝通

董事會致力透過刊發中期業績及年度業績,適時地 將本集團之表現清晰及全面地提供予股東。除發送 通函、通告及財務報告予股東,股東亦可透過本公司 網頁獲取額外資訊。

股東週年大會提供一個良好的平台讓股東向董事會 發表及交流意見。本公司發出不少於21天之通告以 鼓勵股東出席股東週年大會。主席、董事及外聘核數 師均會列席會議以便回答本公司業務上之提問。

各重大獨立事項(包括個別董事之選任)均會於股 東週年大會上單獨提呈決議案。此外,載有投票表決 程序之通函與年報會一併寄發予股東。

Executive Director

Mr Lee Wan Keung Patrick, aged 63, Chairman of the Company and founder of the Group, is in charge of senior staff management and recruitment, corporate strategy, building construction and public relations for the Group in the PRC. He has over 43 years of experience in manufacturing and international trade. Mr Lee is the Chairman of the Hong Kong Hainan Commercial Association, a standing member of the Political Consultative Committee of Guangdong Province and an honorary principal of the Qionghai Jiaji Secondary School and Hainan Guoxing Secondary School. He has also been awarded honorary citizenship of Dongguan.

Mr Lee Man Chun Raymond, BBS, aged 35, Chief Executive Officer as well as founder of the Company, is primarily in charge of corporate planning, investment projects and acquisition of heavy production machines. Mr Lee has over ten years of operational experience in paper manufacturing and is experienced in professional formula of paper making and product development. He holds a bachelor's degree in applied science from the University of British Columbia. Mr Lee is also involved in a number of public engagements including being a standing member of the Political Consultative Committee of Hainan, the Vice-chairman of Rehabilitation Advisory Committee, the member of Yan Chai Hospital Advisory Board, the Honorary President of the Kowloon region of the Scout Association of Hong Kong and the President of the Hong Kong Road Safety Association. Mr Lee has also been awarded honorary citizenship of Dongguan and reputational citizenship of Changshu. In November 2002, Mr Lee was awarded the "Young Industrialist Award of HongKong 2002" by the Federation of the Hong Kong Industries. In addition, in November 2003, Mr Lee was also awarded the "2003 Hong Kong Ten Outstanding Young Persons Selection Awardee" by Hong Kong Junior Chamber. In 2005, Mr Lee received the "Bronze Bauhinia Star" (BBS) from the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. Mr Lee is the eldest son of Mr Lee Wan Keung Patrick.

Mr Lee Man Bun, aged 26, Executive Director and Assistant General Manager of the Company, is responsible for production management, research & development, repair and maintenance of production machines and factory staff management. Mr Lee holds a bachelor's degree of Applied Science in Chemical Engineering from the University of British Columbia in Canada. He is also the director of Yan Chai Hospital Board of Directors. He joined the Group in July 2003. Mr Lee is the youngest son of Mr Lee Wan Keung Patrick.

執行董事

李運強先生,63歲,本公司主席及本集團創辦人,負 責高級職員管理及任聘、參與制定本集團之策略及 基建工程,維繫與中國有關政府機構關係。李先生擁 有逾四十三年制造業及國際貿易經驗。彼為香港海 南商會之會長,亦為廣東省政協之常務委員及海南 省嘉積中學榮譽校長、海南省國興中學名譽校長,並 獲頒授東莞市榮譽市民。

李文俊先生_{鋼紫荊星章},35歲,本集團行政總裁,亦為本 公司創辦人,負責本集團整體策劃、投資項目及重型 機器購置。李先生在造紙業擁有逾十年營運經驗,對 造紙業的專業程式及產品開發擁有豐富經驗。李先 生持有加拿大英屬哥倫比亞大學應用科學學士學 位。彼亦擔任海南省政協之常務委員、康復咨詢委員 會副主席、仁濟醫院顧問局委員、香港童軍九龍地域 名譽會長、香港交通安全委員會會長等公職,並獲頒 授東莞市及常熟市榮譽市民。彼於二零零二年十一 月獲香港工業總會頒發「二零零二香港青年工業家 獎」,並於二零零三年香港十大傑出青年」獎。於二零零五 年李先生獲香港特別行政區政府頒發銅紫荊星章。 李文俊先生為本集團主席李運強先生之長子。

李文斌先生,26歲,本集團董事副總經理,負責生產 管理、品質研究、機械維修和工廠員工管理,彼持有 加拿大英屬哥倫比亞大學應用科學化學工程學士學 位。李先生亦擔任仁濟醫院董事局總理。彼於二零零 三年七月加入本集團。李文斌先生為本集團主席 李運強先生之幼子。

Executive Director (Continued)

Mr Li King Wai Ross, aged 31, is the executive manager of Huangyong factory responsible for the daily factory management of Huangyong factory, purchasing of OCC as well as maintaining relationship of various government departments in Dongguan. Mr Li holds a Masters Degree in Science (Electrical Engineering) from Stanford University in U.S.A. and a bachelor's degree of Applied Science (Computer Engineering) from University of British Columbia in Canada. Mr Li has over 7 years of experience in production management and in technological research & development. Prior to joining the group, Mr Li was involved in the management of computer graphics design at Sun Microsystems, Silicon Valley, U.S.A. He joined the Group in December 2002.

Mr Tan Siak Him Alexander, aged 48, Executive Director of the Company, is stationed overseas responsible for the procurement of OCC businesses. Mr Tan Joined the Group in October 2000. He has over 28 years of experience in the management of both multinational and local manufacturing companies in China.

Non-Executive Directors

Professor Poon Chung Kwong, GBS JP, aged 66, the non-executive director of the Group, is currently the President of the Hong Kong Polytechnic University and has over 35 years working experience in educational sector. He was honoured as one of the "Ten Outstanding Young Persons in Hong Kong" in 1979; was appointed Non-official Justice of the Peace (JP) in 1989; received the OBE in 1991 and the Gold Bauhinia Star (GBS) in 2002.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr Wong Kai Tung Tony, aged 63, an independent non-executive Director of the Group, has been a practicing lawyer in Hong Kong since 1968 and has also been admitted as a solicitor in England and Wales. He is currently a consultant at Messrs. Hastings & Co., Solicitors and Notaries.

Mr Heng Kwoo Seng, aged 58, an independent non-executive Director of the Group, is the Managing Partner of Morison Heng, Chartered Accountants and Certified Public Accountants in Hong Kong. He is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has worked with a number of companies listed on the Stock Exchange either in the capacity of company secretary or as an independent non-executive director.

執行董事(續)

李經緯先生,31歲,黃涌工廠之行政經理,負責黃涌 工廠日常廠務管理、廢紙採購及維繫與東莞市各政 府部門的關係。彼持有美國史丹福大學科學(電子 工程)碩士學位及加拿大英屬哥倫比亞大學應用科 學(電腦工程)學士學位,擁有逾七年生產管理及技 術研究開發經驗。加入本集團前,彼曾於美國矽谷 Sun Microsystems公司參與電腦圖像設計管理工作。 彼於二零零二年十二月加入本集團。

陳錫鑫先生,48歲,本集團執行董事,駐外國,負責本 集團的廢紙採購業務。陳先生於二零零零年十月加 入本集團,擁有逾二十八年管理跨國和中國本地製 造業公司經驗。

非執行董事

潘宗光教授GBS太平紳士・66歲,本集團非執行董事,現 任香港理工大學校長,於教育界具有逾三十五年工 作經驗。潘教授於一九七九年獲得「香港十大傑出 青年獎」、一九八九年獲委任為非官守太平紳士(JP)、 一九九一年獲頒英國官佐勳章(OBE)勳銜及於 二零零二年獲香港特別行政區政府頒授金紫荊星章 (GBS)。

獨立非執行董事

王啟東先生,63歲,本集團獨立非執行董事。王先生 自一九六八年以來為香港之執業律師,亦為英格蘭 及威爾斯執業事務律師。彼現任希士廷律師行之 顧問。

邢詒春先生,58歲,本集團獨立非執行董事。邢先生 為華利信會計師事務所之執行合夥人,亦為英格蘭 及威爾斯特許會計師公會資深會員、香港會計師公 會會員。彼曾替若干聯交所上市公司工作,出任公司 秘書或獨立非執行董事。

Independent Non-executive Directors (Continued)

Ms Law Kar Shui Elizabeth, aged 57, an independent non-executive Director of the Group, is the director of Park Hotel International Limited, and previously the director of Laws International Group Limited. She has over 31 years' experience in textile and garment industries and was responsible for the management of the sweater and knitwear business. She has also over 11 years' experience in property investment and development. She is the General Manager of Park Hotel and the Director of a number of business enterprises, responsible for the overall management and strategic planning of the businesses.

Senior Management

Mr Hui Yick Kwan Tony, aged 48, the Finance Director of the Company, is in charge of corporate financial matters, investors and bankers relations of the Group. Mr Hui holds a bachelor's degree in Commerce and a master's degree in business administration. Mr Hui is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the CPA Australia and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He is a Certified Public Accountant Practicing in Hong Kong and has more than 20 years of experience in auditing, business advisory and financial management. He joined the Group in November 2005.

Mr Cheung Kwok Keung, aged 39, is the Chief Financial Officer of the Group responsible for the internal supervision and management of the Group's financial matters and company secretary of the Company. Mr Cheung is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and has over 17 years of experience in the field of auditing and accounting. Mr Cheung holds a professional diploma in accountancy from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He joined the Group in August 2002.

Mr Lau Kwok Keung, aged 49, is the executive manager of Jiangsu Lee & Man responsible for the daily operation and management of Jiangsu Lee & Man. Mr Lau holds a bachelor's degree of science (engineering) from Imperial College of Science and Technology, University of London. He has over 18 years of factory operation and management experience. He joined the Group in July 2003.

獨立非執行董事(續)

羅嘉穗女士·57歲,本集團獨立非執行董事,百樂酒 店國際有限公司董事,前為羅氏國際集團有限公司 董事,於紡織及成衣業具有逾三十一年經驗,主要負 責管理毛衣及針織品業務,且具有逾十一年之物業 投資及發展經驗。彼現為百樂酒店之總經理及多間 企業之董事,肩負整體管理及策略規劃工作。

高級管理層

許奕群先生,48歲,本公司財務部董事,負責本集團 之公司財務事項、投資者及銀行關係。許先生持有商 業學士學位及工商管理碩士學位。彼為香港會計師 公會會員、澳洲會計師公會會員及英國公認會計師 公會資深會員,並為香港執業會計師,擁有逾二十年 核數、商業顧問及財務管理經驗。彼於二零零五年 十一月加入本集團。

張國強先生,39歲,本集團財務總監兼本公司之公 司秘書,負責本集團之內部財政監督及管理。張先生 為英國公認會計師公會資深會員及香港會計師公會 會員,擁有逾十七年核數及會計經驗。彼持有香港理 工大學之會計專業文憑。彼於二零零二年八月加入 本集團。

婁國強先生,49歲,本集團江蘇工廠行政經理,負責 江蘇工廠日常廠務營運及管理。彼持有英國倫敦大 學帝國學院冶金科學及工程學士學位,擁有逾十八 年的工廠營運及管理經驗。彼於二零零三年七月加 入本集團。

Senior Management (Continued)

Mr Chan Kong Sang, aged 46, is the project manager of the Group responsible for all the mechanical and electrical engineering projects. Mr Chan holds a bachelor's degree of science in engineering from the University of Hong Kong. Mr Chan has over 23 years of operational experience in managing production and engineering aspects of manufacturing businesses and joined the Group in January 2001.

Ms Lam Sau Ping, aged 37, is the sales manager of the Group responsible for sales and marketing. Ms Lam holds a higher certificate in marketing and sales management from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Ms Lam has over 16 years of work experience in sales and marketing. She joined the Group in March 1996.

Mr Lu Man Sheng, aged 59, is a production manager of Dongguan Lee & Man responsible for the management of paper manufacturing. Mr Lu holds a professional engineer certificate for paper manufacturing stock preparation from the Guangxi School of Light Industry. Mr Lu has over 36 years of experience in paper manufacturing and production management. He joined the Group in May 1994.

Mr Chan Chi Ho, aged 37, is a production manager of the Jiangsu plant, responsible for paper production management and engineering matters. Mr Chan has over 17 years of experience in overseeing production matters in the paper manufacturing business. Mr Chan joined the Group in April 1999.

Mr Wu Xiao Shi, aged 39, is the power plant manager of the Group responsible for management of power production. Mr Wu holds a bachelor's degree in engineering from Dongnan University. Mr Wu has over 17 years of experience in power production management. Mr Wu joined the Group in December 1999.

Mr Wu Pak Ping, aged 39, is the general manager of Chongqing Lee & Man responsible for the construction of Chongqing industrial park. Mr Wu holds a bachelor's degree in civil engineering from the University of Hunan and has over 20 years of experience in planning and managing infrastructure. He joined the Group in April 1997.

高級管理層(續)

陳江生先生,46歲,本集團項目經理,負責各項機電 工程。陳先生持有香港大學工程理學士學位,擁有逾 二十三年管理製造業業務的生產和工程營運經驗。 彼於二零零一年一月加入本集團。

藍秀萍女士·37歲,本集團銷售經理,負責本集團原 紙銷售業務及市場推廣事宜。彼持有香港理工大學 銷售及市場管理高級證書,並擁有逾十六年銷售及 市場推廣經驗。彼於一九九六年三月加入本集團。

呂滿生先生,59歲,本集團東莞工廠生產經理,負責 造紙生產及管理事宜。彼持有廣西輕工學校造紙製 漿專業工程師證書,並擁有逾三十六年專業造紙及 生產管理經驗。彼於一九九四年五月加入本集團。

陳智豪先生·37歲,本集團江蘇工廠生產經理,負責 造紙生產管理及工程事宜。陳先生擁有逾十七年造 紙生產及機械工程經驗。彼於一九九九年四月加入 本集團。

吴曉師先生·39歲,本集團熱電站站長·負責電力生 產及管理事宜。吳先生持有中國東南大學電廠熱能 動力工程學士學位,擁有逾十七年電力生產及管理 經驗。彼於一九九九年十二月加入本集團。

吴柏平先生,39歲,本集團重慶工廠總經理,負責建 立重慶工業園。吳先生執有中國湖南大學土木工程 「工業與民用建築」學士學位,擁有逾二十年基建籌 建、規劃及管理經驗。彼於一九九七年四月加入本 集團。 The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2006.

Principal Activities

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 36 to the financial statements.

Results and Appropriations

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2006 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 29.

The directors of the Company recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.24 per share for the year ended 31 March 2006 to the shareholders on the register of members on 15 August 2006, amounting to approximately HK\$232,226,000, subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

Share Capital

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company are set out in note 26 to the financial statements.

Property, Plant and Equipment

During the year, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment at a cost of approximately HK\$1,134 million for the purpose of expanding its business. Details of this and other movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

董事謹此提呈本集團於截至二零零六年三月三十一 日止年度之年報及經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本公司是一間投資控股公司,各主要附屬公司的主要業務載於財務報表附註36。

業績及分配

本集團截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度的業績 載於第29頁的綜合損益表。

本公司董事建議就截至二零零六年三月三十一日止 年度支付末期股息每股0.24港元予二零零六年八月 十五日名列股東名冊的股東·總額約為232,226,000 港元·惟須待股東在應屆股東週年大會上作出批准 後方可作實。

股本

本公司股本的變動詳情載於財務報表附註26。

物業、廠房及設備

年內·本集團以約1,134百萬港元的成本收購物業、 廠房及設備·以作拓展業務之用。上述及物業、廠房 及設備於年內的其他變動詳情載於財務報表附註 15。



Directors and Directors' Service Contracts

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive directors

Lee Wan Keung Patrick (*Chairman*) Lee Man Chun Raymond, BBS (*Chief Executive Officer*) Lee Man Bun Tan Siak Him Alexander Li King Wai Ross (appointed on 12 August 2005)

Non-executive director Professor Poon Chung Kwong, GBS JP

Independent non-executive directors

Wong Kai Tung Tony Heng Kwoo Seng Law Kar Shui Elizabeth

In accordance with Articles 86(3) and 87(1) of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr Lee Man Chun Raymond, Mr Tan Siak Him Alexander and Mr Li King Wai Ross retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Mr Lee Wan Keung Patrick, Mr Lee Man Chun Raymond and Mr Tan Siak Him Alexander, have entered into service agreements with the Company for an initial period of four years commencing 1 September 2003, which will continue thereafter unless and until terminated by either party by three months' prior written notice.

Mr Lee Man Bun has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial period of three years commencing 16 August 2004, which will continue thereafter unless and until terminated by either party by three months' prior written notice.

Mr Li King Wai Ross has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial period of three years commencing 12 August 2005, which will continue thereafter unless and until terminated by either party by three months' prior written notice.

The term of office of each of the independent non-executive directors is the period up to his/her retirement as required by the Company's Articles of Association. **董事及董事的服務合約**

年內及截至本報告刊發日期·本公司的董事如下:

執行董事 李運強(*主席)* 李文俊_{鋼紫荊星章}(行政總裁) 李文斌 陳錫鑫 李經緯(於二零零五年八月十二日獲委任)

非執行董事 潘宗光教授 GBS 太平紳士

獨立非執行董事 王啟東 邢詒春 羅嘉穗

根據本公司的公司細則第86(3)及87(1)條的規定·李 文俊先生、陳錫鑫先生及李經緯將退任·惟彼等合符 資格並將膺選連任。

李運強先生、李文俊先生及陳錫鑫先生已與本公司 訂立服務合約·年期由二零零三年九月一日起計·初 步為期四年·此後一直存續·直至任何一方向另一方 發出三個月事前書面通知予以終止為止。

李文斌已與本公司訂立服務合約,年期由二零零四 年八月十六日起計,初步為期三年,此後一直存續, 直至任何一方向另一方發出三個月事前書面通知予 以終止為止。

李經緯已與本公司訂立服務合約,年期由二零零五 年八月十二日起計,初步為期三年,此後一直存續, 直至任何一方向另一方發出三個月事前書面通知予 以終止為止。

各獨立非執行董事的任期直至其須根據本公司的公司細則的規定退任為止。

Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Equity or Debt Securities

As at 31 March 2006, the relevant interests or short positions of the directors or chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO") which are required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO)) or were required pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein or were required, pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") relating to securities transactions by directors to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

董事及主要行政人員於股本或債務證券中擁 有的權益及淡倉

於二零零六年三月三十一日,本公司各董事或主要 行政人員在本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期 貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第十五部)的股份、相 關股份及債券中,擁有並須根據證券及期貨條例第 十五部第7及第8分部規定知會本公司及香港聯合 交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)的有關權益或淡倉(包 括其根據證券及期貨條例的有關條文被視作或當作 擁有的權益或淡倉)或根據證券及期貨條例第352 條須記錄於該條所指的登記冊內的權益或淡倉或根 據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)有關董事進 行證券交易的有關條文須知會本公司及聯交所的權 益或淡倉如下:

Long positions

(a) Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company

好倉

(a) 本公司每股面值0.10港元的普通股

Number of

Dorcontogo

Name of director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目	Number of ordinary shares subject to options granted 授出的購股權 所涉及的 普通股數目	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司 已發行股本 百分比
 Lee Wan Keung Patrick 李運強	Held by controlled corporation (Note) 由受控制法團持有 (附註)	718,718,000	-	74.28%
Lee Man Chun Raymond 李文俊	Held by controlled corporation (Note) 由受控制法團持有 (附註)	718,718,000	-	74.28%
Lee Man Bun 李文斌	Held by controlled corporation (Note) 由受控制法團持有 (附註)	718,718,000	-	74.28%
Tan Siak Him Alexander 陳錫鑫	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	1,566,000	0.16%
Li King Wai Ross 李經緯	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	600,000	0.06%
Wong Kai Tung Tony 王啟東	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	500,000	500,000	0.10%
Heng Kwoo Seng 邢詒春	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,000,000	800,000	0.19%

Note: These shares were held by Gold Best Holdings Ltd. ("Gold Best"), whose entire issued share capital is held by Trustcorp Limited ("Trustcorp") as trustee for The Fortune Star 1992 Trust, a discretionary trust the discretionary objects of which include Mr Lee Wan Keung Patrick, Mr Lee Man Chun Raymond and Mr Lee Man Bun (all of them are directors of the Company), certain of their family members and other charitable objects. 附註:該等股份由Gold Best Holdings Ltd. (「Gold Best」)持有,Gold Best的全部已發行股本由 Trustcorp Limited「Trustcorp」)以The Fortune Star 1992 Trust的信託人身份持有。The Fortune Star 1992 Trust是一項全權信託,其全 權受益人包括李運強先生、李文俊先生及李文 斌先生(全部均為本公司董事)、彼等的若干 家族成員及其他慈善團體。



Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Equity or Debt Securities (Continued)

Long positions (Continued)

(b) Ordinary shares of the associated corporations of the Company

董事及主要行政人員於股本或債務證券中擁 有的權益及淡倉(續)

好倉(續) (b) 本公司相聯法團的普通股

Name of director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Name of associated corporation 相聯法團名稱	Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目	Percentage of the issued share capital of the associated corporation 佔相聯法團 已發行股本 百分比
Lee Wan Keung Patrick 李運強	Held by controlled corporation (Note) 由受控制法團持有(附註)	Gold Best	5	100%
Lee Man Chun Raymond 李文俊	Held by controlled corporation (Note) 由受控制法團持有(附註)	Gold Best	5	100%
Lee Man Bun 李文斌	Held by controlled corporation (Note) 由受控制法團持有(附註)	Gold Best	5	100%

Note: As Gold Best owns more than 50% interest of the Company, Gold Best is an associated corporation of the Company under the SFO. The entire issued share capital of Gold Best is owned by Trustcorp as trustee for The Fortune Star 1992 Trust, a discretionary trust the discretionary objects of which include Mr Lee Wan Keung Patrick, Mr Lee Man Chun Raymond and Mr Lee Man Bun (all of them are directors of the Company), certain of their family members and other charitable objects.

Save as disclosed above and other than certain nominee shares in subsidiaries held by certain directors in trust for the Company, none of the directors or chief executives or their associates had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations as at 31 March 2006. 附註:由於Gold Best擁有本公司50%以上權益,根 據證券及期貨條例,Gold Best為本公司的相 聯法團。Gold Best的全部已發行股本由 Trustcorp以The Fortune Star 1992 Trust的信 託人身份持有。The Fortune Star 1992 Trust 是一項全權信託,其全權受益人包括李運強 先生、李文俊先生及李文斌先生(全部均為本 公司董事)、彼等的若干家族成員及其他慈善 團體。

除上文所披露者外及除了若干董事作為提名人以信 託形式代本公司持有若干附屬公司的若干股份外, 於二零零六年三月三十一日,各董事,主要行政人員 及彼等的聯繫人士概無在本公司或其任何相聯法團 的股份、相關股份或債券中,擁有任何權益或淡倉。

Share Options

Particulars of the Company's share option schemes, namely Share Option Scheme and Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, are set out in note 27 to the financial statements.

(a) The following table discloses movements in the Company's Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme during the year.

購股權

本公司購股權計劃(即購股權計劃及首次公開售股 前購股權計劃)的詳情載於財務報表附註27。

(a) 下表披露本公司的首次公開售股前購股權計 劃於年內的變動情況。

Number of shares of the Company to be issued upon exercise of the share options 於購股權獲行使時將予 發行的本公司股份數目

			Exercise price per share 每股		Outstanding at 1.4.2005	Exercised	Outstanding at 31.3.2006
Name 名稱		Date of grant 授出日期	行使價 HK\$ 港元	Exercisable period 行使期	二零零五年 四月一日 尚未行使	during the year 年內行使	二零零六年 三月三十一日 尚未行使
Category I: Directors 第一類:董事							
Tan Siak Him Alexander	陳錫鑫	11.9.2003	4.17	26.3.2004 to 25.9.2006	1,986,000	(420,000)	1,566,000
Wong Kai Tung Tony	王啟東	11.9.2003	4.17	26.3.2004 to 25.9.2006	1,000,000	(500,000)	500,000
Heng Kwoo Seng	邢詒春	11.9.2003	4.17	26.3.2004 to 25.9.2006	1,800,000	(1,000,000)	800,000
Total Directors	董事總數				4,786,000	(1,920,000)	2,866,000
Category II: Other employees 第二類:僱員							
Employees	僱員	11.9.2003	4.17	26.3.2004 to 25.9.2006	4,054,000	(1,404,000)	2,650,000
Category III: Others 第三類:顧問							
Consultants	顧問	11.9.2003	4.17	26.3.2004 to 25.9.2006	900,000	(900,000)	_
Total	總數				9,740,000	(4,224,000)	5,516,000



Share Options (Contin The closing prices of the Con which the options were exerc	npany's shares imr		購股權 (續 本公司股份 下:		日的前一天之收市價如
Number of share options。 於購股權獲行使時股份數目	exercised		Closi	ng price before	e the date of exercise 行使日期前收市價 HK\$ 港元
1,754,000 2,470,000					8.10 10.85
(b) The following table disc Option Scheme during		s in the Company's Share	(b) 下列表 變動:	《格披露本公司》	^於 年內購股權計劃下之
Name 名稱		E Date of grant 授出日期	xercise price per share 每股 行使價 HK\$ 港元	Exercisable period 行使期	Number of shares of the Company to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted during the year and outstanding at 31.3.2006 年內於購股權 獲行使時將予發行的 本公司股份數目及 於二零零六年 三月三十一日 尚未行使數目
Category I: Director 第一類:董事					
Li King Wai Ross Category II: Other employees 第二類:僱員	李經緯	23.12.2005	8.50	23.12.2005 to 22.12.2008	600,000
Employees	僱員	23.12.2005	8.50	23.12.2005 to 22.12.2008	1,200,000
Total	總數				1,800,000

The closing prices of the Company's shares at date of grant were HK\$8.50. 於授出日期當日本公司股票之收市價為8.50港元。

Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debentures

Save as disclosed under the heading "Share Options" above, at no time during the year was the Company, its holding company or any of its fellow subsidiaries and subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debts securities (including debentures) of, the Company or any other body corporate and none of the directors, their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any rights to subscribe for securities of the Company, or had exercised any such rights.

Substantial Shareholders

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company

Long positions

As at 31 March 2006, the following persons (other than directors or chief executives of the Company) had interests or short positions in the ordinary shares of the Company which fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO:

董事購買股份或債券的權力

除上文[購股權]一節所披露者外,本公司、其控股 公司、其任何同系附屬公司及附屬公司於期內任何 時間概無訂立任何安排,致使本公司董事可透過收 購本公司或任何其他法人團體的股份或債務證券 (包括債權證)而獲取利益,而各董事或彼等的配偶 或18歲以下的子女亦無可認購本公司證券的任何 權利,亦無行使任何該等權利。

主要股東

於二零零六年三月三十一日,下列人(本公司董事 或主要行政人員除外)在本公司的普通股中擁有根 據證券及期貨條例第十五部第2及第3分部的規定 須向本公司披露的權益或淡倉,或根據證券及期貨 條例第336條的規定已記錄於本公司按該條存置的 登記冊內的權益或淡倉:

好倉

本公司每股面值0.10港元的普通股

Name of shareholder 股東姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of issued ordinary shares held 持有已發行 普通股數目	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本百分比
Gold Best	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	718,718,000	74.28%
Trustcorp	Held by controlled corporation 由受控制法團持有	718,718,000	74.28%
Lee Wong Wai Kuen 李黃惠娟	Held by spouse (Note) 由配偶持有 (附註)	718,718,000	74.28%

Note: Under the SFO, Lee Wong Wai Kuen is deemed to be interested in these 718,718,000 ordinary shares as she is the spouse of Lee Wan Keung Patrick, a director of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2006, the Company had not been notified by any persons (other than directors or chief executives of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of the Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO. 附註:根據證券及期貨條例,由於李黃惠娟是李運強(本 公司董事)的配偶,故被視為擁有該718,718,000股 普通股的權益。

除上文所披露者外·於二零零六年三月三十一日·概 無任何人士(本公司董事或主要行政人員除外)知 會本公司·彼等在本公司的股份或相關股份中擁有 根據證券及期貨條例第十五部第2及第3分部的規 定須向本公司披露的權益或淡倉·或根據證券及期 貨條例第336條的規定已記錄於本公司按該條存置 的登記冊內的權益或淡倉。



Connected Transactions

Details of the discloseable connected transactions for the year are set out in note 35 to the financial statements. In the opinion of the independent non-executive directors, these transactions entered into by the Group were:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- either (a) on normal commercial terms; or (b) where there is no available comparison, on terms that were fair and reasonable so far as the shareholders of the Company are concerned;
- (iii) either (a) in accordance with the terms of the agreements; or (b) where there are no such agreements, on terms no less favourable than those available to or from independent third parties; and
- (iv) within the relevant cap amounts as agreed by the Stock Exchange.

Save as disclosed above, there were no other transactions which are required to be disclosed as connected transactions in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

Directors' Interest in Contracts

Save as disclosed under the heading "Connected Transactions", there were no contracts of significance to which the Company, its holding company or any of its fellow subsidiaries and subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisting at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Major Customers and Suppliers

During the year, the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers comprised approximately 40% of the Group's total purchases and the purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier were approximately 19% of the Group's total purchases.

The aggregate sales during the year attributable to the Group's five largest customers were less than 30% of the Group's total sales.

None of the directors, their associates or any shareholder which, to the knowledge of the directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital had any interest in the share capital of any of the five largest suppliers of the Group.

關連交易

本年度的須予披露關連交易詳情載於財務報表附註 35。獨立非執行董事認為,由本集團訂立的上述交易:

- (i) 乃於本集團的日常及一般業務過程中訂立;
- (ii) 乃(a)按一般商業條款進行;或(b)倘並無任何可 供比較者,則按對本公司股東而言屬公平合理 的條款訂立;
- (iii) 乃(a)按協議條款訂立:或(b)倘無該等協議,則 按不遜於給予獨立第三者或獨立第三者提供 的條款訂立;及
- (iv) 所涉及金額並無超出與聯交所議定的有關上 限金額。
- 除上文所披露者外,並無任何其他交易須按照上市 規則的規定作為關連交易披露詳情。

董事的合約權益

除「關連交易」一節所披露者外,本公司、其控股公司、其任何同系附屬公司及附屬公司概無訂立於年 結日或年內任何時間仍然生效,且本公司董事直接 或間接在其中擁有重大利益的重大合約。

主要客户及供應商

年內,本集團五大供應商佔本集團總採購額約 40%,而本集團最大供應商則佔本集團總採購額約 19%。

年內·本集團五大客戶的總銷售額佔本集團總銷售額少於30%。

概無任何董事、彼等的聯繫人士或任何股東(就董 事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上)於上述本 集團五大供應商的股本中擁有任何權益。

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

Sufficiency of Public Float

According to the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 March 2006.

Pre-Emptive Rights

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws, or the laws of Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

Emolument Policy

The Group remunerates its employees based on their performance, experience and prevailing market rate. Other employee benefits including insurance and medical cover and share options are also provided.

The determination of emoluments of the directors of the Company has taken into consideration their expertise and job specifications.

Donations

During the year, the Group made charitable and other donations amounting to HK\$1,370,000.

Auditors

A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditors of the Company.

On behalf of the Board Lee Wan Keung Patrick Director

Hong Kong, 26 June 2006

買賣或贖回本公司上市證券

年內·本公司或其任何附屬公司概無買賣或贖回本 公司任何上市證券。

足夠之公眾持股量

按本公司可以得悉之公開資料所示及就董事所知 悉,本公司截至二零零六年三月三十一日之年度內 已維持足夠公眾持股量。

優先購買權

本公司的公司細則或開曼群島法例均無有關優先購 買權之條文,規定本公司須按持股比例向現有股東 發售新股份。

薪酬政策

本集團根據員工表現、經驗及市場價格釐定其薪酬。 其他員工福利包括保險、醫療保障及購股權。

本公司董事之薪酬釐定已考慮其專業及工作範圍。

捐款

年內·本公司作出的慈善及其他捐款合共1,370,000 港元。

核數師

本公司將於股東週年大會上提呈決議案,續聘德勤• 關黃陳方會計師行為核數師。

承董事會命 **李運強** *董事*

香港,二零零六年六月二十六日

AUDITORS' REPORT 核數師報告



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LEE & MAN PAPER MANUFACTURING LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Lee & Man Paper Manufacturing Limited (the" Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group') from pages 29 to 91 which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong.

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view. In preparing consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view it is fundamental that appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently.

It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those financial statements and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the circumstances of the Group, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

德勤·關黃陳方會計師行 香港金鐘道88號 太古廣場一座35樓 Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu 35/F One Pacific Place 88 Queensway Hong Kong

致理文造紙有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「本行」)已審核理文造紙有限 公司刊(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)於第 29至第91頁按照香港普遍採納會計原則編製的綜 合財務報表。

董事及核數師各自的責任

本公司董事須編製真實與公平的綜合財務報表。在 編製真實與公平的綜合財務報表時,董事必須貫徹 採用合適的會計政策。

本行的責任是根據本行的審核工作結果,對該等財 務報表提出獨立意見,並僅向全體股東報告。除此以 外,本報告不可用作其他用途。本行不會就本報告的 內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

意見的基礎

本行乃按照香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港核數準 則》進行審核工作。審核範圍包括以抽查方式查核 與綜合財務報表所載數額及披露事項有關的憑證, 亦包括評估董事於編製綜合財務報表時所作出的重 大估計及判斷、所釐定的會計政策是否適合貴集團 的具體情況,以及有否貫徹運用並充份披露有關會 計政策。

本行在策劃及進行審核工作時,均以取得一切本行 認為必須的資料及解釋為目標,使本行能獲得充份 的憑證,就綜合財務報表是否存在重大錯誤陳述,作 出合理的確定。在提出意見時,本行亦已衡量綜合財 務報表所載資料在整體上是否足夠。本行相信,本行 的審核工作已為下列意見建立合理的基礎。

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2006 and of the profit and cash flows of the Group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

意見

本行認為·上述綜合財務報表能真實與公平地反映 貴集團於二零零六年三月三十一日的財政狀況及貴 集團於截至該日止年度的盈利及現金流量·並已按 照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥善編製。

DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 26 June 2006

香港,二零零六年六月二十六日

德勤●關黃陳方會計師行

執業會計師

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT 综合損益表

For the year ended 31 March 2006 截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes	2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Turnover Cost of sales	營業額 銷售成本	7	3,778,054 (2,903,880)	2,771,423 (2,197,992)
Gross profit Other income Distribution costs Administrative expenses Finance costs	毛利 其他收入 分銷成本 行政費用 財務成本	8	874,174 93,215 (118,517) (150,349) (72,937)	573,431 27,199 (54,547) (109,567) (13,080)
Profit before taxation Income tax expense	除税前盈利 利得税支出	9	625,586 (25,558)	423,436 (5,693)
Profit for the year	年度盈利	10	600,028	417,743
Dividend	股息	11	173,409	96,155
Earnings per share – Basic	每股盈利 一基本	12	62.24 cents 仙	43.54 cents 仙
– Diluted	一攤薄		62.13 cents 仙	43.36 cents 仙

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 综合資產負債表

At 31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

LIABILITIES			4,625,755	3,201,325
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	資產總值減流動負債			
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		698,102	460,609
			1,148,261	912,068
Bank borrowings – due within one year	銀行借貸--年內到期	23	782,107	618,474
Bank overdraft	銀行透支		504	-
Derivative financial instruments	衍生財務工具	24	2,028	-
Taxation payable	應付税項		12,358	3,579
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	22	181,575	192,253
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and bills payable	流動負債 應付賬款及票款	21	169,689	97,762
	达 新 会 <u>佳</u>		1,040,303	1,372,077
			1,846,363	1,372,677
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	19	110,317	81,600
Restricted bank deposits	有限制銀行存款	24 19	1,154	1,055
Derivative financial instruments	可收回仇頃 衍生財務工具	24	- 1,131	92
Amount due from a related company Taxation recoverable	應收有關建公司款項 可收回税項	20	22,938	612 92
Notes receivable	應收票據 應收有關連公司款項	19 20	-	26,643
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables		19	125,597	139,442
Bills receivable	應收票款	19	130,753	72,078
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	19	676,364	500,860
Prepaid lease payments – current portion	預付租賃款項-流動部份	16	3,850	1,931
Inventories	存貨	18	774,259	548,364
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
			3,927,653	2,740,716
Retirement benefit assets	退休福利資產	34	607	1,320
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	28	19,956	8,860
plant and equipment and land use right	土地使用權所付訂金	17	155,649	148,174
Deposits paid for acquisition of property,	購置物業、廠房及設備及			
Prepaid lease payments – non-current portion	預付租賃款項-非流動 部份	16	176,441	84,586
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備	15	3,575,000	2,497,776
				(重列)
				(as restated)
		Notes	二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元
			2006	2005

		Notes	2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK \$ '000 千港元
				(as restated) (重列)
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Bank borrowings – due after one year Deferred tax liabilities Convertible bonds Retirement benefit liabilities	非流動負債 銀行借貸-一年後到期 遞延税項負債 可換股債券 退休福利負債	23 28 25 34	100,000 30,266 901,006 17,439	150,713 9,151 –
			1,048,711	159,864
			3,577,044	3,041,461
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves	股本及儲備 股本 儲備	26	96,761 3,480,283	96,338 2,945,123
			3,577,044	3,041,461

The financial statements on pages 29 to 91 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 June 2006 and are signed on its behalf by:

第29至第91頁所載的財務報表已於二零零六年六 月二十六日經董事會批准及授權刊發,並由下列董 事代表簽署:

Lee Wan Keung Patrick 李運強

Chairman 主席

Lee Man Chun Raymond 李文俊 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2006 截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度

		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Share options reserve 購股權 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Special reserve 特别儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Convertible bonds equity reserve 可換股債券 股益儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated profits 累計盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total equity 股益總結 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2004	二零零四年四月一日	84,053	1,042,438	-	19,463	(2,999)	-	760,443	1,903,398
Profit and total recognised income	年內盈利及已確認								
for the year	之收入	-	-	-	-	-	-	417,743	417,743
Issue of new shares	發行新股	12,000	797,400	-	-	-	-	-	809,400
Issue of shares on exercise of share options Expenses incurred in connection	因購股權獲行使 而發行股份 發行股份所產生	285	11,616	-	-	-	-	-	11,901
with the issue of shares	的開支	-	(4,826)	-	-	-	-	-	(4,826)
Dividend paid (note 11)	派息(附註11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(96,155)	(96,155)
At 31 March 2005	二零零五年三月三十一日	96,338	1,846,628	-	19,463	(2,999)	-	1,082,031	3,041,461
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations recognised directly in equity Profit for the year	已直接於股益確認 之海外業務轉移時 所產生之匯兑差額 年度盈利	- -	- -	-	29,521	-	-	- 600,028	29,521 600,028
Total recognised income and	年度已確認之收入								
expenses for the year	及開支總結	-	-	-	29,521	-	-	600,028	629,549
Issue of convertible bonds Transaction costs attributable to	發行可換股債券 因發行可換股債券	_	-	-	-	-	62,000	-	62,000
issue of convertible bonds	而產生之交易成本	-	-	-	-	-	(1,744)) –	(1,744)
Issue of shares on exercise of	因購股權獲行使								
share options	而發行股份	423	17,191	-	-	-	-	-	17,614
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment expenses	股益結算股權支付 款項開支確認			1,573					1,573
Dividend paid (note 11)	示填用文確認 派息(附註11)	-	-	-	-	-	-		(173,409)
At 31 March 2006	二零零六年三月三十一日	96,761	1,863,819	1,573	48,984	(2,999)	60,256	1,508,650	3,577,044

The special reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the aggregate share capital of the subsidiaries acquired by the Group pursuant to the corporate reorganisation in September 2003, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition.

本集團的特別儲備指根據本集團於二零零三年九月 為重組收購所得的附屬公司的股本面值總額與本公 司就收購事項而發行的股份面值的差額。

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT 综合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2006 截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
			(as restated) (經重列)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務		
Profit before taxation	税前盈利	625,586	423,436
Adjustments for:	為以下各項調整:		
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	97,989	81,786
Finance costs	財務成本	72,937	13,080
Retirement benefit expense (income)	退休福利開支(收入)	17,349	(66)
Release of prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項撇銷	3,844	1,855
Equity-settled share-based payment	股益結算股權支付款項開支		
expenses		1,573	-
Loss arising from change in fair value of	衍生財務工具公平值變動	020	
derivative financial instrument Loss on disposal of property, plant and	所產生之虧損 出售物業、廠房及設備產生	828	_
equipment	山 后初来、 顺厉	365	6,816
Interest income	利息收入	(1,871)	(668)
Gain arising from change in fair value of	因衍生財務工具公平值	(1,01.1)	(000)
derivative financial instrument	變動所產生的得益	(23,931)	-
Operating cash flows before movements	營運資金變動前的經營現金流量		
in working capital		794,669	526,239
Increase in inventories	存貨增加	(236,441)	(79,294)
Increase in trade receivables	應收貿易賬款增加	(184,819)	(213,956)
Increase in bills receivable	應收票款增加	(58,676)	(14,427)
Decrease (increase) in deposits,	按金·預付款項及其他		
prepayments and other receivables	應收款項減少(增加)	11,164	(36,501)
(Increase) decrease in amount due from	應收有關連公司款項		
a related company	(増加)減少	(22,338)	832
Increase (decrease) in trade and bills payable		73,807	(22,812)
(Decrease) increase in accruals and other	應計費用及其他應付款項 (減少)增加	(6.090)	60 229
payables	(//%) ン / と日 川日	(6,980)	69,338
Cash generated from operations	經營業務產生的現金	370,386	229,419
Hong Kong Profits Tax refunded (paid)	香港利得税退款(已付)	92	(92)
PRC Foreign Enterprise Income Tax paid	已付中國外商企業所得税	(7,116)	(9,073)
Interest paid	已付利息	(56,496)	(11,412)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務產生的現金淨額	306,866	208,842

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT 综合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2006 截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
			(as restated) (經重列)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of property, plant and equipment Deposits paid for acquisition of property,	投資活動 購置物業、廠房及設備 購置物業、廠房及設備	(1,028,669)	(545,397)
Prepaid lease payments Increase in restricted bank deposit	及土地使用權所付訂金 預付租賃款項 有限制銀行存款增加	(155,649) (23,199) (119)	(148,174) – (1,055)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Interest received	出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項 已收利息 退休福利計劃撇銷	6,086 1,871	15 668
Release of retirement benefit scheme Purchase of notes	返你福利計劃撤朝 收購票據	803 –	_ (27,423)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動動用的 現金淨額	(1,198,876)	(721,366)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES New bank loans raised Net proceeds on issue of convertible bonds Net proceeds from issue of shares Repayment of bank loans Dividend paid	融資活動 新籌集銀行貸款 發行可換股債券所得款項淨額 發行股份所得款項淨額 償還銀行貸款 已付股息	1,368,540 971,875 17,614 (1,262,424) (173,409)	1,407,068 458,990 (1,525,161) (96,155)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所得現金淨額	922,196	244,742
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物 增加(減少)淨額 現金及現金等價物	30,186	(267,782)
BROUGHT FORWARD EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	承前結餘 匯率變動之影響	81,600 (1,973)	349,382
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CARRIED FORWARD	現金及現金等價物 結轉	109,813	81,600
ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Bank balances and cash	現金及現金等價物 結餘分析 銀行結餘及現金	110,317	81,600
Bank overdraft	銀行透支	(504)	
		109,813	81,600

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2006 截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度

1. General

The Company is a public limited company incorporated and registered as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law (2001 Second Revision) of the Cayman Islands on 21 May 2003 and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Its ultimate holding company is Gold Best Holdings Ltd. ("Gold Best"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the Corporate Information to the annual report.

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company.

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 36.

2. Application of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards/Changes in Accounting Policies

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, a number of new Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations ("INTs") (hereinafter collectively referred to as "new HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") that are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005. The application of the new HKFRSs has resulted in a change in the presentation of the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of changes in equity. The changes in presentation have been applied retrospectively. The adoption of the new HKFRSs has resulted in changes to the Group's accounting policies in the following areas that have an effect on how the results for the current and prior accounting years are prepared and presented.

1. 一般資料

本公司是上市有限公司,於二零零三年五月二 十一日根據開曼群島公司法(二零零一年第二 版)於開曼群島成立及登記為獲豁免有限公 司,股份並於香港聯合交易所(「聯交所」)上 市。本公司的最終控股公司是Gold Best Holdings Ltd.(「Gold Best」),為一間於英屬處 女群島註冊成立的公司。本公司註冊辦事處及 總辦事處之地址於本年報公司資料內披露。

本財務報表以港元列示·港元亦為本公司之功 能貨幣。

本公司是一間投資控股公司·各主要附屬公司 的主要業務載於財務報表附註36。

2. 香港財務報告準則應用/會計政策變動

於本會計年度,本集團首次應用多項由香港會 計師公會新頒佈之香港財務報告準則、香港會 計準則及註釋(在下文統稱為「新香港財務報 告準則」),該等準則於2005年1月1日起或以 後開始之會計期間生效。應用新香港財務報告 準則導致綜合收益表及綜合權益變動表的呈 列法有所改變。採納新香港財務報告準則已改 變本集團下列之會計政策,並對本期及過往期 間業績之編製及呈列有所影響:

2. Application of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards/Changes in Accounting Policies

(Continued)

Share-based Payments

In the current year, the Group has applied HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment" which requires an expense to be recognised where the Group buys goods or obtains services in exchange for shares or rights over shares ("equity-settled transactions"). The principal impact of HKFRS 2 on the Group is in relation to the expensing of the fair value of share options granted to directors and employees of the Company, determined at the date of grant of the share options, over the vesting period. Prior to the application of HKFRS 2, the Group did not recognise the financial effect of these share options until they were exercised. The Group has applied HKFRS 2 to share options granted for the accounting period on or after 1 April 2005. In relation to share options granted before 1 April 2005, the Group is still required to apply HKFRS 2 retrospectively to share options that were granted after 7 November 2002 and had not vested on 1 January 2005.

The effect of this change in accounting policy on the results for the year is an increase in share-based payment expenses of HK\$1,573,000 (see note 3 for the financial impact).

Financial Instruments

In the current year, the Group has applied HKAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation" and HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement". HKAS 32 requires retrospective application. HKAS 39, which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005, generally does not permit the recognition, derecognition or measurement of financial assets and liabilities on a retrospective basis. The application of HKAS 32 has had no material impact on how the financial instruments of the Group are presented for current and prior accounting periods. The principal effects resulting from the implementation of HKAS 39 are summarised below.

2. 香港財務報告準則應用/會計政策變動 (續)

股權支付

於本會計年度,本集團應用香港財務報告準則 第2號「股權支付」,規定本集團以股份或享有 股份的權利交換購買的貨品或獲取的服務 (「權益結算交易」)須確認為支出入賬。香港 財務報告準則第2號對於本集團的主要影響乃 關乎本公司董事及僱員購股權於授出日期釐 定的公平值,須於有關歸屬期內支銷。在應用 香港財務報告準則第2號以前,本集團僅於購 股權行使後始確認其財務影響。本集團已就二 零零五年四月一日起或以後會計期間授出的 購股權應用香港財務報告準則第2號的會計處 理方法。有關二零零五年四月一日之前授出的 購股權,本集團仍須於二零零二年十一月七日 後授出及於二零零五年一月一日尚未獲行使 之購股權追溯應用香港財務報告準則第2號的 會計處理方法。

年內此會計政策改變之影響為增加股權支付 開支1,573,000港元。(參閲附註3之財務影響)。

財務工具

於本會計年度·本集團已應用香港會計準則第 32號「財務工具:披露及呈列」及香港會計準 則第39號「財務工具:確認及計量」。香港會計 準則第32號規定作追溯應用。於二零零五年一 月一日起或以後會計期間開始生效之香港會 計準則第39號,基本上不容許對財務資產及負 債進行追溯性的確認、取消確認或計算。採用 香港會計準則第32號對本集團在現在或過往 會計期內之財務工具呈列並無重大影響。因實 行香港會計準則第39號而產生的主要影響摘 要如下:



2. Application of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards/Changes in Accounting Policies

(Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued) Convertible bonds

The principal impact of HKAS 32 on the Group is in relation to convertible bonds issued by the Company that contain both liability and equity components. HKAS 32 requires an issuer of a compound financial instrument that contains both financial liability and equity components to separate the compound financial instrument into the liability and equity components on initial recognition and to account for these components separately. In subsequent periods, the liability component is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The Group has applied HKAS 32 on the convertible bonds issued during the year. The change of this accounting policy has resulted in an increase in interest on convertible bonds of HK\$12,712,000 (see note 3 for the financial impact).

Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group has applied the relevant transitional provisions in HKAS 39 with respect to the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities that are within the scope of HKAS 39.

Financial assets and financial liabilities other than debt and equity securities

From 1 April 2005 onwards, the Group has classified and measured its financial assets and financial liabilities in accordance with the requirements of HKAS 39. Financial assets under HKAS 39 are classified as "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", "available-for-sale financial assets", "loans and receivables" or "held-to-maturity financial assets". Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale financial assets are carried at fair value, with changes in fair values recognised in profit or loss and equity, respectively. Loans and receivables and held-to-maturity financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method after initial recognition. Financial liabilities are generally classified as "financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss" or "other financial liabilities". Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss directly. Other financial liabilities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method after initial recognition. The adoption of HKAS 39 has had no material effect on the Group's accumulated profits.

2. 香港財務報告準則應用/會計政策變動 (續)

財務工具 (*續)* 可換股債券

香港會計準則第32號對本集團的主要影響為 關於本集團發行包含負債及股份成份之可換 股債券。以前,可換股債券於資產負債表分類 為負債。香港會計準則第32號要求包含財務負 債及股份成份之複合財務工具發行者於早期 確認中將複合財務工具內的財務負債及股份 成份分開及入賬。在其後時間,負債成份將以 實際利率法按攤銷成本持有。年內,本集團採 用香港會計準則第32號於發行之可換股債券。 此項會計政策之改變增加了12,712,000港元 之可換股債券利息(參閲附註3之財務影響)。

財務資產及財務負債的分類及計量

本集團已應用有關香港會計準則第39號過渡 條文就香港會計準則第39號範圍內所界定之 財務資產及財務負債進行分類及計量。

債務證券與股本證券以外之財務資產及財 務負債

自二零零五年四月一日開始,本集團就債務證 券及股本證券以外的財務資產及財務負債按 照香港會計準則第39號的規定進行分類及計 量。香港會計準則第39號將財務資產分類為 「於損益賬按公平值處理的財務資產」、「可出 售財務資產」、「貸款及應收款項」及「持有至 到期日財務資產」。「於損益賬按公平值處理的 財務資產」及「可出售財務資產」以公平值計 量,公平值變動分別於損益賬內及權益內確 認。財務負債基本上分類為「於損益賬按公平 值處理的財務負債」或「其他財務負債」。「於 損益賬按公平值處理的財務負債」以公平值計 量,公平值變動已直接於損益賬內確認。「其他 財務負債」於早期確認後以實際利率法按攤銷 成本持有。香港會計準則第39號之應用對集團 累積溢利並沒有重大影響。

2. Application of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards/Changes in Accounting Policies

(Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued)

Derivatives and hedging

From 1 April 2005 onwards, all derivatives that are within the scope of HKAS 39 are required to be carried at fair value at each balance sheet date regardless of whether they are deemed as held for trading or designated as effective hedging instruments. HKAS 39 requires derivatives embedded in a non-derivatives host contract to be accounted for separately when the economic risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contract and the host contract is not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, derivatives (including embedded derivatives separately accounted for from the non-derivative host contracts) are deemed as held-for-trading financial assets or financial liabilities, unless they gualify and are designated as effective hedging instruments. As a result, certain options embedded in the convertible bonds are separately accounted for and recorded as derivative financial instruments in the balance sheet, with changes in fair value recognised in the income statement. Options embedded in convertible bonds issued during the year and decrease in the fair value of these derivative financial instruments during the year amounting to HK\$24,000,000 and HK\$22,800,000, respectively. This change in accounting policy has also resulted in a gain arising from change in fair value of currency structured instruments of HK\$1,131,000 and a loss arising from change in fair value of another currency structured instruments of HK\$828,000 for the year.

2. 香港財務報告準則應用/會計政策變動 (續)

財務工具(續) 衍生工具及對沖

自二零零五年四月一日起,香港會計準則第39 號範疇內所有衍生工具,均須於每個結算日按 公平值列賬·而不管視為持作買賣或指定作有 效對沖工具與否。香港會計準則第39號規定, 包括在非衍生工具主合約之衍生工具,倘經濟 風險及特色非與主合約緊密聯繫,則獨立計 賬,而主合約非按公平值計入損益。根據香港 會計準則第39號·除非符合資格或指定為有效 對沖工具,否則衍生工具(包括與非衍生工具 主合約獨立計賬之內含衍生工具)視為持作買 賣財務資產或財務負債。因此,若干包含於可 换股债券之期權,獨立計賬及按衍生財務工具 於資產負債表記錄,公平值變動則於收益表確 認。年內所發行包含於可換股債券之期權 及年內該等衍生財務工具公平值減少分別為 24,000,000港元及22,800,000港元。是項會計 政策變動亦導致貨幣結構工具公平值變動收 益1,131,000港元及其他貨幣結構工具公平值 變動虧損828.000港元。

2. Application of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards/Changes in Accounting Policies

(Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued) Derecognition

HKAS 39 provides more rigorous criteria for the derecognition of financial assets than the criteria applied in previous periods. Under HKAS 39, a financial asset is derecognised, when and only when, either the contractual rights to the asset's cash flows expire, or the asset is transferred and the transfer gualifies for derecognition in accordance with HKAS 39. The decision as to whether a transfer gualifies for derecognition is made by applying a combination of risks and rewards and control tests. The Group has applied the relevant transitional provisions and applied the revised accounting policy prospectively to transfers of financial assets from 1 April 2005 onwards. As a result, the Group's bills receivable discounted with full recourse which were derecognised prior to 1 April 2005 have not been restated. As at 31 March 2006, the Group's bills receivable discounted with full recourse of HK\$49,313,000 have been recognised under bills receivable and the related borrowings of HK\$49,313,000 have been recognised under secured bank borrowings. This change in accounting policy has had no material effect on results for the current year.

Owner-occupied Leasehold Interest in Land

In previous years, owner-occupied leasehold land and buildings were included in property, plant and equipment and measured using the cost model. In the current year, the Group has applied HKAS 17 "Leases". Under HKAS 17, the land and buildings elements of a lease of land and buildings are considered separately for the purposes of lease classification, unless the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, in which case, the entire lease is generally treated as a finance lease. To the extent that the allocation of the lease payments between the land and buildings elements can be made reliably, the leasehold interests in land are reclassified to prepaid lease payments under operating leases, which are carried at cost and amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis. This change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively, which resulted in a decrease in property, plant and equipment of HK\$86,517,000 and an increase in prepaid lease payments of HK\$86,517,000 as at 31 March 2005 (see note 3 for the financial impact).

2. 香港財務報告準則應用/會計政策變動 (續)

財務工具 (*續)* 取消確認

香港會計準則第39號規定,有關取消確認財務 資產之準則較過往期間所採用者更為嚴格。根 據香港會計準則第39號·財務資產僅會於資產 現金流量之契約權益屆滿·或資產已被轉讓及 有關轉讓符合香港會計準則第39號之取消確 認之資格時,方會被取消確認。混合風險及回 報及控制測試之方式乃用作決定有關轉讓是 否符合取消確認之資格。本集團已應用相關過 渡條文,並將經修訂之會計政策前瞻性應用於 二零零五年四月一日起轉讓之財務資產。所 以,本集團並未重列對於二零零五年四月一日 前取消確認的有全部追索權之應收票款貼現。 於二零零六年三月三十一日,本集團附有全部 追索權之49,313,000港元之應收票據貼現已 在應收票款內確認及相關49,313,000港元之 借貸已在有抵押銀行借貸內確認。此項會計政 策之變動對本年度業績並無重大影響。

業主自用土地租貸權益

於過往年度,業主自用租貸土地及樓宇乃計入 物業、廠房及設備、並以成本模式計量。於本年 度,本集團已應用香港會計準則第17號「租 貸」。根據香港會計準則第17號,就租賃分類而 言,租賃土地及樓宇中土地及樓宇部份乃分開 計算,除非租賃款項無法可靠地在土地及樓宇 部份之間作出分配,則在該情況下,整份租賃 一般作為融資租賃處理。倘租賃款項能夠可靠 地在土地及樓宇部份之間作出分配,則土地租 賃權益將重新分類為經營租賃項下預付租賃 款項·該租賃款項乃按成本列賬·並於租賃內 以直線法攤銷。此項會計政策變動已被追溯應 用,令截至二零零五年三月三十一日止物業、 廠房及設備減少了86,517,000港元及預付租 賃付款增加了86,517,000港元(參閱附註3之 財務影響)。

3. Summary of the Effects of the Changes in 3. 會計政策變動的影響摘要 **Accounting Policies**

The effects of the changes in the accounting policies described in note 2 above are as follows:

上述附註2提及之會計政策改變影響如下:

(i) On results

(i) 業績上

	千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
股權支付確認為支出	(,)	
	(1,573)	-
變動所產生的虧損	(828)	-
因衍生財務工具公平值		
變動所產生的得益	23,931	-
可換股債券負債成份之		
實際利息開支	(12,712)	-
年內盈利增加	8,818	_
	因衍生財務工具公平值 變動所產生的虧損 因衍生財務工具公平值 變動所產生的得益 可換股債券負債成份之 實際利息開支	(1,573) 因衍生財務工具公平值 變動所產生的虧損 因衍生財務工具公平值 變動所產生的得益 可換股債券負債成份之 實際利息開支 (12,712)

On income statement line items (ii)

(ii) 於損益表內項目上

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
Increase in other income Increase in administrative expenses Increase in finance costs	其他收入增加 行政開支增加 財務成本增加	23,931 (2,401) (12,712)	
Increase in profit for the year	年內盈利增加	8,818	-



3. Summary of the Effects of the Changes in Accounting Policies (Continued)

(iii)

3. 會計政策變動的影響摘要(續)

) On balance sheet items (iii) 於資產負債項目上				
		As at	As at	
		31 March 2005	HKAS 17	31 March 2005
		於二零零五年	香港會計準則	於二零零五年
		三月三十一日	17號	三月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
		(originally stated) (原先呈列)		(restated) (重列)
Property plant and equipment Prepaid lease payments	物業、廠房及設備 預付租賃款項	2,584,293	(86,517)	2,497,776
- non-current portion	一非流動部份	-	84,586	84,586
Prepaid lease payments – current portion	預付租賃款項-流動部份	-	1,931	1,931
Total effect on assets and liabilities	對資產及負債之總體影響	2,584,293	-	2,584,293

The application of the new HKFRSs has had no effect to the Group's equity at 1 April 2004 and 31 March 2005.

The Group has not early applied the following new standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these standards, amendments and interpretations will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Group except for HKAS 19 (Amendment) "Actuarial Gains and Losses, Group Plans and Disclosures" which introduces an additional recognition option for actuarial gains and losses arising in postemployment defined benefit plans. The directors have not yet decided which options to be selected in accordance with the HKAS 19 (Amendment). 應用新香港財務報告準則並未對集團於二零 零四年四月一日及二零零五年三月三十一日 之權益造成影響。

本集團並無提早採用下列已頒布但未生效之 新準則、修訂及詮釋。

除了香港會計準則第19號(修訂版)「精算損益、集團計劃及披露」因僱用期後界定福利計 劃產生的精算損益加添額外確認選擇外,本公 司董事預期應用此等準則、修訂及詮釋將不會 對本集團財務報表造成重大影響。根據香港會 計準則第19號(修訂版)董事還未決定選擇那 一項。

3. Summary of the Effects of the Changes in 3. 會計政策變動的影響摘要 (續) Accounting Policies (Continued)

AC	counting Policies (C				
(iii)			(iii)	於資產負債項目上	
	HKAS 1 (Amendment)	Capital disclosures ¹		香港會計準則第1號(經修訂)	資本披露1
	HKAS 19 (Amendment)	Actuarial gains and losses,		香港會計準則第19號(經修訂)	精算損益、集團計劃
		group plans and disclosures ²			及披露 ²
	HKAS 21 (Amendment)	Net investment in a foreign		香港會計準則第21號(經修訂)	於外國經營之淨投資2
		operation ²			
	HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Cash flow hedge accounting of forecast intragroup transactions ²		香港會計準則第39號(經修訂)	預測集團內公司間交易 之現金流量對沖 會計處理法 ²
	HKAS 39 (Amendment)	The fair value option ²		香港會計準則第39號(經修訂)	公平值期權2
	HKAS 39 & HKFRS 4 (Amendments)	Financial guarantee contracts ²		香港會計準則第39號及香港 財務報告準則第4號(經修訂)	財務擔保合約 ²
	HKFRS 6	Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources ²		香港財務報告準則第6號	礦產資源之勘探及評估2
	HKFRS 7	Financial instruments: Disclosures ¹		香港財務報告準則第7號	財務工具:披露1
	HK(IFRIC) – INT 4	Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease ²		香港 (國際財務報告詮釋 委員會) 詮釋第4號	釐定安排是否包含租賃2
	HK(IFRIC) – INT 5	Rights to interests arising from		香港 (國際財務報告詮釋	解除、恢復及環境重整
		decommissing, restoration		委員會) 詮釋第5號	資金所產生之權益
		and environmental			之權利2
		rehabilitation funds ²			
	HK(IFRIC) – INT 6	Liabilities arising from		香港 (國際財務報告詮釋	參與特定市場產生之
		participating in a specific		委員會) 詮釋第6號	負債-廢棄電力及
		market – waste electrical and			電子設備3
		electronic equipment ³			
	HK(IFRIC) – INT 7	Applying the restatement		香港 (國際財務報告詮釋	根據香港會計準則
		approach under HKAS29		委員會) 詮釋第7號	第29號惡性通貨
		Financial Reporting in			膨脹經濟下之財務
		Hyperinflationary Economies ^₄			報告採用重列法4
	HK(IFRIC) – INT 8	Scope of HKFRS 2⁵		香港 (國際財務報告詮釋	香港財務準則第2號
				委員會) 詮釋第8號	大綱5
	HK(IFRIC) – INT 9	Reassessment of embedded		香港 (國際財務報告詮釋	重估內含衍生工具6
		derivatives ⁶		委員會) 詮釋第9號	
	¹ Effective for annual perio	ds haginning on or after		1 由二零零七年一月一	日却武以後在度期間
	1 January 2007.			生效。	
	² Effective for annual perio1 January 2006.			² 由二零零六年一月一 生效。	
	³ Effective for annual perio1 December 2005.			3 由二零零五年十二月 間生效。	
	⁴ Effective for annual perio 1 March 2006.			 4 由二零零六年三月一 生效。 	日起或以後年度期間
	 ⁵ Effective for annual perio 1 May 2006. 	ds beginning on or after		5 由二零零六年五月一 生效。	日起或以後年度期間
	 ⁶ Effective for annual perio 	ds beginning on or after		• 由二零零六年六月一	日起或以後年度期間
	1 June 2006.			生效。	



4. Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 March each year.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Revenue recognition

Sales of goods are recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed and are measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Steam income is recognised on a monthly basis by fixed charge in accordance with the agreement.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less depreciation, amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

4. 重大會計政策

誠如下列會計政策所述,綜合財務報表乃按歷 史成本基準編製,惟若財務工具按公平值計算 者除外。

財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會發出之香港 財務準則編製。另外,財務報表已包括聯交所 上市規則「上市規則」及香港公司條例所監管 下須予披露資料。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表載列本公司及其附屬公司截至 每年三月三十一日止的財務報表。

年內收購或出售的附屬公司的業績由收購生 效日起·計入綜合損益表內或計至出售生效日 期止·視何者適用。

倘需要,本集團會對附屬司之財務報表作出調整,使其會計政策與本集團其他成員公司所採 用者保持一致。

所有集團內交易、結餘、收入及支出已於綜合 賬目時對銷。

收入確認

銷售貨物於貨物付運及所有權轉讓時確認並 用已收或應收利益之公平值計量。

財務資產之利息收入乃以時間為基準按未償 還本金及適用實際利率累計,而實際利率為透 過財務資產之預期可用年期將估計日後現金 收據折讓至該資產之賬面淨值之比率。

蒸汽收入根據協議以每月定額收費為基礎而 確認。

物業、廠房及設備

除在建工程外,物業、廠房及設備按成本減折 舊、攤銷以及累計減值虧損入賬。

4. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation and amortisation are provided to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress and freehold land over their estimated useful lives, and after taking into account their estimated residual value, using the straight line method.

Construction in progress is stated at cost which includes all development expenditure and other direct cost attributable to such projects. It is not depreciated until completion of construction. Costs on completed construction works are transferred to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the income statement in the year in which the item is derecognised.

Prepaid lease payments

Prepaid lease payments, which represent up-front payments to acquire leasehold land interest, are stated at cost and released to the income statement over the period of the lease on a straightline basis.

Impairment

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Inventories

ΔΔ

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method.

重大會計政策(續) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

除在建工程及終身擁有之土地外,物業、廠房 及設備在其估計可使用年期內及其估計餘額 後,按直線法計算折舊及攤銷撥備,以撇銷成 本。

在建工程按成本列賬,其中包括發展開支及其 他直接成本。在建工程在建築完成前不作折 舊。在建工程完成後,其成本將轉入物業、廠房 及設備之適當項目內。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時或當繼續使用 該資產預期不會產生任何日後經濟效益時取 消確認。資產取消確認產生之任何收益或虧損 (按該項目之出售所得款項淨額與賬面值間之 差額計算)於該項目取消確認之年度計入收益 表。

預付租賃款項

預付租賃款項指購置租賃土地成本之預付款 項,乃按相關租賃年期以直線攤銷為基礎於損 益表內撇銷。

減值

本集團會於各結算日檢討資產的賬面值,確定 是否出現任何減值虧損跡象。倘若估計資產的 可收回額低於賬面值,則該資產的賬面值將調 減至可收回額,並即時將減值虧損確認為開 支。

倘若有關的減值虧損其後撥回·有關資產的賬 面值將調升至估計可收回額·然而調升後的賬 面值不得超逾過往年度並無確認減值虧損時 的賬面值。撥回的減值虧損即時確認為收入。

存貨

存貨按成本或可變現淨值(以較低者為準)入 賬。成本以加權平均法計算。



4. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans/statemanaged retirement benefit schemes/the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") are charged as an expense as they fall due.

For defined retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out annually. Actuarial gains and losses which exceed 10% of the greater of the present value of the defined benefit obligations and the fair value of plan assets are amortised over the expected average remaining working lives of the participating employees. Past service cost is recognised immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested, and otherwise is amortised on a straight-line basis over the average period until the amended benefits become vested.

The amount recognised in the balance sheet represents the fair value of plan assets as adjusted for unrecognised actuarial gains and losses, and as reduced by the present value of the defined benefit obligation. Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to unrecognised actuarial losses and past service cost, plus the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in its functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

4. 重大會計政策 (續) 租賃

凡租賃之條款規定擁有權所附帶之一切風險 及回報實質上轉移至承租人者,該租賃即歸類 為融資租賃。其他租賃全部列作經營租賃。

根據經營租賃之應付租金乃按相關租賃年期 以直線法於損益表扣除。因訂立一項經營租賃 作為獎勵之已收及應收福利乃以直線法按租 賃年期確認作租金支出減少。

退休福利成本

界定供款退休福利計劃/國家管理的退休福 利計劃/強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」) 的供款於到期時支銷。

對界定退休福利計劃而言,提供福利的成本會 使用預估單位利益法計算,並於每年進行精算 估值。超逾界定福利承擔現值或有關計劃資產 公平價值(以較高者為準)10%的精算盈虧乃 按參與有關計劃的僱員的預計平均剩餘工作 年資攤銷。若退休福利已成為僱員的既得利 益,過往服務年期的成本將即時予以確認,否 則將會採用直線法按平均年期攤銷,直至經修 訂的退休福利成為僱員的既得利益為止。

在資產負債表確認的數額指計劃資產的公平 值並就未確認精算盈虧減去界定福利責任的 現值。據此計算之任何資產乃受限於未確認精 算虧損及過往服務成本,加上計劃之可退回現 金值及未來供款之削減。

外幣

於編製各個別集團實體之財務報表時,以該實 體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)進行之交易均 按交易日期之適用匯率換算為功能貨幣(即該 實體經營所在主要經濟活動之貨幣)記賬。於 各結算日,以外幣定值之貨幣項目均按結算日 之適用匯率重新換算。按公平值以外幣定值之 非貨幣項目乃按於公平值釐定當日之適用匯 率重新換算。按外幣過往成本計量非貨幣項目 無須重新換算。

4. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences arising on a monetary item that forms part of the Group's net investment in a foreign operation, in which case, such exchange differences are recognised in equity in the consolidated financial statements.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Company (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised as a separate component of equity (the translation reserve). Such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

Income tax expense

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

重大會計政策(續) 外幣(續)

於結算及換算貨幣項目時產生之匯兑差額均 於彼等產生期間內於損益表中確認,惟組成本 集團海外業務之投資淨額部分之貨幣項目所 產生之匯兑差額除外,在此情況下,有關匯兑 差額乃於綜合財務報表之權益中確認。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團海外經營業 務之資產及負債乃按於結算日之適用匯率換 算為本集團之列賬貨幣(即港元),而其他收入 及支出乃按該年度之平均匯率進行換算,除非 匯率於該期間內出現大幅波動則作別論,於此 情況下,則採用於交易當日之適用匯率。所產 生之匯兑差額(如有)乃確認作權益獨立部份 (匯兑儲備)。該等匯兑差額乃於海外業務被出 售之期間內於損益表內確認。

利得税支出

利得税支出指現時應付税項及遞延税項的總 和。

現時應付税項乃按本年度應課税盈利計算。應 課税盈利與損益表中所報溢利不同,因為應課 税盈利不包括在其他年度應課税或可扣税的 收入及開支項目,並且不包括從未課税及扣税 的項目。本集團之即期税項負債乃按結算日已 實行或大致上已實行之税率計算。

遞延税項乃根據綜合財務報表內資產及負債 賬面值與計算應課税盈利所採用相應税基的 差額而確認,並採用資產負債表負債法入賬。 遞延税項負債一般就所有應課税暫時差額予 以確認,而遞延税項資產則於可能會出現可用 以抵銷可扣税暫時差額的應課税盈利時予以 確認。倘若暫時差額乃由初次確認一項不影響 應課税盈利或會計盈利的交易的其他資產及 負債所引起,則有關資產及負債不予確認。



4. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Income tax expense (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and loans and receivables. The accounting policies adopted in respect of each category of financial assets are set out below.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

重大會計政策(續) 利得税支出(續)

遞延税項負債就於附屬公司的投資所產生的 應課税暫時差額予以確認·除非本集團可控制 暫時差額的撥回及於可見將來不大可能撥回 暫時差額。

遞延税項資產賬面值於各個結算日審核,並予 以相應扣減,直至並無足夠應課税盈利可供所 有或部分遞延税項資產應用為止。

遞延税項按預計於償還負債或變現資產的期 間內適用的税率計算。遞延税項自損益表中扣 除或計入其中,惟與直接扣自或計入股本的項 目有關者除外,在此情況下,遞延税項在股本 權益中處理。

財務工具

財務資產及財務負債乃當某集團實體為工具 合同條文之訂約方時在資產負債表上確認。財 務資產及財務負債按公平值初步計量。收購或 發行財務資產及財務負債直接應佔之交易成 本(於損益表按公平值計算之財務資產及財務 負債除外)乃於初步確認時加入財務資產或財 務負債之公平值或自財務資產或財務負債之 公平值內扣除(如合適)。收購透過損益以公平 值列賬之財務資產或財務負債直接應佔之交 易成本即時於損益賬內確認。

財務資產

本集團之財務資產以分類為於損益賬按公平 值處理之財務資產及貸款及應付款項。就每種 財務資產而採納之會計政策載列如下:

於損益賬按公平值處理的財務資產 於損益賬按公平值處理的財務資產包括持有 財務資產作買賣交易。於首次確認後之各結算 日,於損益賬按公平值處理的財務資產乃按公 平值計算,而公平值之變動乃於產生期間直接 確認為損益。

4. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade receivables, bills receivable, other receivables, amount due from a related company and bank deposits) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. Impairment losses are reversed in subsequent periods when an increase in the asset's recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to a restriction that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted in respect of financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities including trade and bills payable, other payables and bank borrowings. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

重大會計政策(續) 財務資產(續)

貸款及應收款項 貸款及應收款項於活躍市場無報價而附帶固 定或可釐定付款之非衍生性質財務資產,於首 次確認後每一個結算日,貸款及應收款項(包 括應收貿易賬款、應收票款、其他應收賬款、應 收有關公司款項及銀行結餘)採用實際利率法 攤銷成本,減去任何已識別減值虧損列賬。倘 客觀證明資產出現減值,則減值虧損列賬。倘 客觀證明資產出現減值,則減值虧損剩底。倘 客觀證明資產出現減值,則減值虧損會於損益 表確認,並按資產賬面值與按原實際利率折讓 之估計未來現金流量之現值的差額計算。倘資 產可收回金額之增幅能客觀地指出涉及確認 減值後所發生之事件,則減值虧損會於以後期 間撥回,惟減值撥回當日之資產賬面值不得超 過如無確認減值時之原來應攤銷成本。

財務負債及股本權益

由集團實體發行之財務負債及股本權益工具 按所訂立之合約安排性質,以及財務負債及股 本權益工具之定義而分類。

股本權益工具為帶有集團資產剩餘權益(經扣 除其所有負債)之任何合約。財務負債及股本 權益工具採納之會計政策如下:

於損益賬按公平值處理的財務負債 於損益賬按公平值處理的財務負債可包括持 作買賣之財務負債。於首次確認後之各結算 日,於損益賬按公平值處理的財務負債乃按公 平值計算,而公平值之變動乃於產生期間直接 確認為損益。

其他負債

其他負債包括貿易及應付票款·其他應付賬項 及銀行借貸,乃採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計 算。

4. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

Convertible bonds

Convertible bonds issued by the Company that contain both financial liability and equity components are classified separately into respective liability and equity components on initial recognition. On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is determined using the prevailing market interest of similar nonconvertible debts. The difference between the proceeds of the issue of the convertible bonds and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the embedded call option for the holder to convert the bonds into equity, is included in equity (convertible bonds equity reserve).

In subsequent periods, the liability component of the convertible bonds is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The equity component, represented by the option to convert the liability component into ordinary shares of the Company, will remain in convertible bonds equity reserve until the embedded option is exercised in which case the balance stated in convertible bonds equity reserve will be transferred to share premium. Where the option remains unexercised at the expiry date, the balance stated in convertible bonds equity reserve will be transferred to the accumulated profits. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are deemed as financial assets held for trading or financial liabilities held for trading. Changes in fair values of such derivatives are recognised directly in profit or loss.

重大會計政策(續) 財務負債及股本權益(續) 可換股債券

本公司發行已包含財務負債及股本權益成份 之可換股債券在最初確認時已將所屬負債及 股本成份分開分類。在最初確認時,負債部份 公平值是根據類似的不可換股債券在普遍市 場上之利率釐定。發行可換股債券所得的款項 與負債成份公平值的差額,代表持有人可運用 認購期權將債券轉換為股本亦已包括在股本 內(可換股債券股本儲備)。

在隨後的期間,可換股債券負債成份以實際利率法按攤銷成本持有。股本權益成份,即可將 負債成份轉換為本公司之普通股之期權,會依 然在可換股債券股本儲備記賬直至該期權已 行使(則在該情況下,可換股債股本儲備結餘 將轉移到股本溢價內)。如期權於到期日尚未 行使,可換股債券股本儲備結餘將放轉移到累 積盈利上。當期權轉換或過期時,將並無得益 或損失於損益表內確認。

發行可換股債券的交易成本將按所得款項分 配比例分配於負債及股本成份中。有關股本成 份的交易成本會直接於股本記賬。有關負債成 份的交易成本已包括在負債部份賬面值及於 可換股債券行使期間以實際利率法攤銷。

股本權益工具

本公司所發行之股本權益工具乃按已收取之所得款項減直接發行成本記賬。

衍生財務工具

不符合對沖會計法之衍生工具 不符合對沖會計法之衍生工具被視為持作買 賣之財務資產或持作買賣之財務負債。有關衍 生工具公平值之變動直接於損益中確認。

4. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Derivative financial instruments (Continued)

Embedded derivatives

Derivatives embedded in non-derivative host contracts are separated from the relevant host contracts and deemed as held-for-trading when the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives are not closely related to those of the host contracts, and the combined contracts are not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Derivative financial instrument is initially measured at fair value on the contract date, and is remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting date.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised directly in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

For financial liabilities, they are removed from the Group's balance sheet when, and only when, it is extinguished (i.e. when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires). The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid or payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

For share options granted to directors and employees of the Company, the fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in share options reserve in equity.

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to accumulated profits.

重大會計政策(續) 衍生財務工具(續) 內含衍生工具

非衍生主合約之內含衍生工具與有關主合約 獨立。倘內含衍生工具之經濟特色及風險與主 合約並非密切聯繫,被視為持作買賣,合併合 約並非按公平值計入損益。

衍生財務工具最初於合約日以公平值計量及於隨後之報告日重新計量公平值。

取消確認

若從資產收取現金流之權利已到期,或財務 資產已轉讓及本集團已將其於財務資產擁有 權之絕大部份風險及回報轉移,則財務資產將 取消確認。於取消確認財務資產時,資產賬面 值與已收代價及已直接於股本權益確認之累 計損益之總差額,將於損益中確認。

就財務負債而言,則會於本集團之資產負債表 中除去(即倘於有關合約之特定責任獲解除、 取消或到期)。取消確認之財務負債賬面值與 已付或應付代價之差額將於損益中確認。

以股益結算股權支付之交易

授出予本公司董事及僱員之購股權·所獲服務 之公平值乃參考購股權於授出當日之公平值 釐定,並於歸屬期間以直線法支銷,並於股本 權益中作相應增加(購股權儲備)。

購股權獲行使時,過往於購股權儲備中確認之 數額將轉移至股本溢價賬。當購股權於有效期 間後被註銷或於屆滿日仍未獲行使,過往於購 股權儲備中確認之數額將轉移至保留溢利內。

5. Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies which are described in note 4, management makes various estimates based on past experience, expectations of the future and other information. The key sources of estimation uncertainty that can significantly affect the amounts recognised in the financial statements are disclosed below.

Income taxes

As at 31 March 2006, a deferred tax asset of HK\$19,956,000 was recognised in the Group's balance sheet in relation to the unused tax losses. The realisability of the deferred tax asset mainly depends on whether sufficient future profits or taxable temporary differences will be available in the future. In cases where the actual future profits generated are less than expected, a material reversal of deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in the income statement for the period in which such a reversal takes place.

6. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade receivables, bills receivable, bank balances, trade and bills payable, amount due from a related company, bank borrowings, convertible bonds and derivative financial instruments. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Currency risk

The sales transactions of the Group are denominated in United States Dollars, Hong Kong Dollars and Renminbi ("RMB"), and there are purchases of inventories, expenses and acquisition cost of plant and equipment that required to be settled in United States Dollars, Japanese Yen, Hong Kong Dollars and Euro dollars. Certain trade receivables, trade payables and bank balances of the Group are denominated in foreign currencies. The Group has used currency structured instruments, foreign currency borrowings or other means to hedge its foreign currency exposure. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's currency risk is significantly reduced.

5. 估計不確定性之主要來源

於應用本集團之會計政策(如附註4所述)時, 管理層根據過往經驗,預期未來狀況及其他資 料作出各方面之估計。主要可影響於財務資料 確認數額之估計不確定性之主要來源概述如 下。

利得税

於二零零六年三月三十一日,有關未動用税項 虧損,19,956,000港元之遞延税項資產於本集 團之資產負債表中確認。遞延税項資產之變現 主要有賴於是否有足夠未來溢利或將來可供 利用之應課税暫時差額而定。倘產生之未來實 際溢利乃少於預期溢利,遞延税項資產可能會 予以實質撥回,而該未來溢利會於有關撥回發 生期間之收益表內確認。

6. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要財務工具包括應收貿易賬款及 應收票款、銀行結餘、貿易及應付票款、應收關 連公司款項、銀行借貸、可換股債券及衍生財 務工具。該等財務工具詳情於相關附註披露。 下文載列與該等財務工具有關之風險及如何 降低該等風險之政策。管理層管理及監控該等 風險,以確保及時有效地採取適當之措施。

貨幣風險

本集團之銷貨交易以美元、港元及人民幣訂 值,另有採購存貨、費用支出及購置廠房及機 器成本需要以美元、日元、港元及歐元支付。本 集團若干貿易應收賬款、貿易應付賬款及銀行 結餘乃以外幣訂值。本集團採用遠期合約、外 幣借貸或其他途徑作外幣對沖方法。就此而 言,本公司之董事認為本集團之貨幣風險已大 幅降低。

6. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties, failure to perform their obligations as at 31 March 2006 in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated balance sheet. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the management reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at each balance sheet date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on bank deposits is limited because the counterparties are banks with good reputation.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a number of counterparties and customers.

Interest rate risk

The Group's fair value and cash flow interest rate risks mainly related to fixed and variable rate borrowings. The Group's bank balances have exposure to cash flow interest rate due to the fluctuation of the prevailing market interest rate on bank balances. The directors of the Company consider that the Group's exposure of the short term bank deposits and bank borrowings to interest rate risk is not significant as interest bearing bank balances and borrowings are within short maturity periods. The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedging policy. The directors monitor the Group's exposure on ongoing basis and will consider hedging interest rate risk should the need arises.

7. Business and Geographical Segments Business segments

For management purposes, the Group is currently organised into two operating businesses – manufacture and sales of paper, and manufacture and sales of pulp. These businesses are the basis on which the Group reports its primary segment information.

6. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

信貸風險

倘對手方於二零零六年三月三十一日未能履 行彼等之承擔·則本集團就每類已確認財務資 產須承受之最大信貸風險為已於綜合資產負 債表列賬之該等資產之賬面值。為把信貸風險 降至最低,本集團管理層已委派一組人員負責 制訂信貸限額、信貸審批及其他監控措施,以 確保爭取跟進措施收回逾期未付之債項。此 外,管理層於各個結算日檢討各項個別貿易應 收款項之可收回金額,以確保就不可收回金額 作出足夠減值虧損。就此而言,本公司之董事 認為本集團之信貸風險已大幅降低。

本集團之銀行存款之信貸風險有限,由於對手 方均為良好信譽之銀行。

本集團並無集中之信貸風險,有關風險乃分散 至多個其他地方及客戶。

利率風險

本集團之公平值及現金流量利率風險主要涉 及以固定及浮動利率計息之借款。由於市場銀 行存款利率波動,本集團之銀行結餘承受現金 流量利率風險。本公司董事認為本集團於短期 銀行存款及銀行借款所承受之利率風險不大, 因需計息之銀行結餘及借款乃於短期期滿。本 集團現時尚無利率對沖政策,董事將持續監控 本集團之狀況並會考慮於必要時對沖利率風 險。

業務及地域分部 業務分部

就管理而言,本集團現經營兩個業務:生產及 銷售紙張、生產及銷售木漿。該等業務為本集 團申報其主要分類資料之基準。



7. Business and Geographical Segments (Continued)

7. 業務及地域分部 (續)

業務分部 (續)

該等商業分類資料呈報如下:

Business segments (Continued)

Segment information about these businesses is presented below:

2006

Consolidated income statement

二零零六年 綜合損益表

		Paper 紙張 HK\$′000 千港元	Pulp 木漿 HK\$′000 千港元	Eliminations 刪除 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Turnover – External sales Inter-segment sales	營業額-對外銷售 業務之間銷售	3,388,481 –	389,573 424,519	_ (424,519)	3,778,054 –
		3,388,481	814,092	(424,519)	3,778,054
SEGMENT RESULTS	分類業績	643,645	53,007	-	696,652
Unallocated corporate income Finance costs	未分類之公司收入 財務成本				1,871 (72,937)
Profit before taxation Income tax expense	税前溢利 利得税開支				625,586 (25,558)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利				600,028

Inter-segment sales are charged at market value or, where no market price was available, at terms determined and agreed by both parties.

業務之間銷售以市場價值收取。如沒有市場價格,將以雙方決定及同意之條款收取。

Consolidated balance sheet

綜合資產負債表

		Paper 紙張 HK\$′000 千港元	Pulp 木漿 HK\$′000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS Segment assets Unallocated corporate assets	資產 分類資產 未分類之公司資產	5,481,565	159,893	5,641,458 132,558
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產 負債			5,774,016
Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	分類負債 未分類之公司負債	243,576	125,127	368,703 1,828,269
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合總負債			2,196,972

Business and Geographi Business segments (Continued) 2006 (Continued) Other information	cal Segments (Continue	ed) 7.	業務及地域分 業務分部 (續) 二零零六年 (編 其他資料		
			Paper 紙張 HK\$'000 千港元	Pulp 木漿 HK\$′000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Capital expenditure Depreciation and amortisation Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	資本性支出 折舊及攤銷 出售物業、廠房及 設備產生的虧損		1,081,513 96,862 365	52,060 1,127 –	1,133,573 97,989 365
2005 Consolidated income statement			二零零五年 <i>綜合損益表</i>		
		Pape 紙引 HK\$'00 千港疗	● 木漿 0 HK\$'000	Eliminations 刪除 HK\$'000 千港元	综合 HK\$'000
Turnover – External sales Inter-segment sales	營業額-對外銷售 業務之間銷售	2,771,42	3 – –	-	2,771,423
		2,771,42	3 –	-	2,771,423
SEGMENT RESULTS	分類業績	435,84	8 –	_	435,848
Unallocated corporate income Finance costs	未分類之公司收入 財務成本				668 (13,080)
Profit before taxation Income tax expense	税前溢利 利得税開支				423,436 (5,693)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利				417,743



Business and Geographical Segments (Continued) Business segments (Continued) 2005 (Continued) Consolidated balance sheet		業務分部 (續) 二零零五年(續	5)	
		Paper 紙張 HK\$'000 千港元	Pulp 木漿 HK\$′000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
資產				
分類資產 未分類之公司資產		3,897,175	124,703	4,021,878 91,515
綜合總資產				4,113,393
負債				
分類負債		224,024	65,991	290,015
未分類之公司負債				781,917
綜合總負債				1,071,932
		其他資料		
		Paper	Pulp	Consolidated
				綜合
				HK\$'000
		干港元	千港元	千港元
資本性支出		639,959	81	640,040
折舊及攤銷		81,729	57	81,786
出售物業、廠房及 設備產生的虧損		6 8 1 6	_	6,816
	資產 分類資產 未分類之公司資產 綜合總資產 負債 分類負債 未分類之公司負債 綜合總負債 綜合總負債	資產 分類資產 未分類之公司資產 綜合總資產 負債 分類負債 未分類之公司負債 綜合總負債 綜合總負債 資本性支出 折舊及攤銷 出售物業、廠房及	業務分部(績) 二零零五年(績 綜合資產負債 Paper 紙張 HK\$'000 予旗資產 分類資產 未分類之公司資產 綜合總資產 負債 分類負債 224,024 未分類之公司負債 綜合總負債 其他資料 Paper 紙張 HK\$'000 干港元 資本性支出 資本性支出 資本性支出 資本性支出 資本性支出 指售効業・廠房及	業務分部(續) 二零零五年(續) 二零零五年(續) 除合資產負債表 Paper Pulp 紙張 木漿 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 干港元 千港元 資產 3,897,175 124,703 未分類之公司資產 3,897,175 124,703 综合總資產 負債 224,024 65,991 余分類之公司負債 224,024 65,991 综合總負債 上 上位資料 総合總負債 資本性支出 639,959 81 折舊及攤銷 81,729 57

7. Business and Geographical Segments (Continued) 7. 業務及地域分部 (續) **Geographical segments**

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's sales by geographical market, irrespective of the origin of the goods:

地域分部

下表是按地區市場劃分本集團銷售的分析,當 中並無理會貨品來源地:

		Sales revenue by geographical market 按地區市場劃分的銷售收入		before t	on to profit taxation 利貢獻
		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK \$ ′000 千港元	2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK \$ ′000 千港元
People's Republic of China other than Hong Kong (the "PRC") Export sales delivered in the PRC (Note) Others	中華人民共和國, 香港除外(「中國」) 中國國內付運的 出口銷售(附註) 其他	2,020,665 1,338,904 418,485	1,351,053 1,364,422 55,948	358,772 237,724 100,156	223,159 225,366 (12,677)
		3,778,054	2,771,423	696,652	435,848
Interest income Finance costs	利息收入 財務成本			1,871 (72,937)	668 (13,080)
Profit before taxation Income tax expense	除税前盈利 利得税開支			625,586 (25,558)	423,436 (5,693)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利			600,028	417,743

Note: These are sales to PRC customers who ultimately export the goods outside the PRC.

附註:此等貨品銷往最終將貨品出口國外的中國客 戶。



7. Business and Geographical Segments (Continued) Geographical segments (Continued)

7. 業務及地域分部 (續)

The following is an analysis of the carrying amount of segment assets and additions to property, plant and equipment, analysed by the geographical area in which the assets are located: **地域分部**(續) 按資產所在地區分析的分類資產賬面值,物 業、廠房及設備的添置如下:

		segmei	Carrying amount of segment assets 分部資產賬面值		to property, equipment &設備的添置
		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK \$ ′000 千港元	2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK \$ ′000 千港元
PRC other than Hong Kong Hong Kong United States of America	中國 (不包括香港) 香港 美國	5,629,665 11,987 132,364	4,020,751 2,811 89,831	1,072,715 8,856 52,002	639,385 306 349
		5,774,016	4,113,393	1,133,573	640,040

8. Finance Costs

8. 財務成本

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
Interest on bank borrowings wholly repayable within five years Interest on convertible bonds Other finance costs	於五年內悉數償還 之銀行借貸利息 可換股債券產生之利息 其他財務成本	56,496 12,712 3,729	11,412 - 1,668
		72,937	13,080

9. Income Tax Expense

9. 利得税開支

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
The charge comprises: PRC Foreign Enterprise Income Tax Deferred taxation	税項開支包括: 中國外商企業所得税 遞延税項	15,715 9,843	5,402 291
		25,558	5,693

The Group's profit is subject to taxation from the place of its operations where its profit is generated. Taxation is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions as set out below.

The subsidiaries in the PRC are entitled to exemption from PRC Foreign Enterprise Income Tax for the two years starting from their respective first profit-making year, followed by a 50% relief for the three years thereafter.

The subsidiary in Malaysia carries on offshore trading activities in Labaun, Malaysia, in a currency other than the Malaysian currency with other group companies which are non-residents of Malaysia. The tax rate for offshore trading companies in Labaun is charged at a fixed annual rate of Malaysian RM20,000.

Under Decree-Law no. 58/99/M, a Macau company incorporated under that Law (called "58/99/M Company") is exempted from Macau complementary tax (Macau income tax) as long as the 58/99/M Company does not sell its products to a Macau resident company.

In the opinion of the directors, the Group is not subject to taxation in any other jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

Details of deferred taxation are set out in note 28.

集團之利潤乃根據其利潤產生的營運地方繳 納税項。税項按個別管轄地區之課税率計算如 下。

位於中國的附屬公司於首個獲利年度起·免繳 中國外商企業所得税兩年·其後三年半免。

馬來西亞的附屬公司於馬來西亞拉布安,以馬來西亞幣以外的貨幣,與集團內其他非馬來西 亞公司進行離岸貿易業務。拉布安的離岸貿易 公司每年繳納20,000馬幣的定額税。

根據第58/99/M號法令·凡根據該法令註冊成 立的澳門公司(稱為「58/99/M公司」)均可免 繳澳門補充税(澳門所得税),前提是58/99/M 公司不得向澳門本土公司銷售產品。

董事認為,本集團在本身經營所在地的任何其 他司法權區亦毋須繳交税項。

遞延税項詳情載於附註28。



9. Income Tax Expense (Continued)

9. 利得税開支(續)

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the income statement as follows:

本年度的税項支出與根據損益表的盈利對賬 如下:

	2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元
除税前盈利	625,586	423,436
按適用税率15%(二零零五年: 15%)計算的税項) 不可扣税的支出税務影響 無須課税的收入的税務影響 未確認税務虧損的税務影響 動用先前未確認的税務虧損 中國附屬公司豁免繳税的影響	93,838 8,760 (10,590) 1,653 (700) (13,881)	63,515 1,656 (3,571) 1,316 – (29,124)
澳門及馬來西亞附屬公司 獲豁免繳税的影響 在不同司法權區營運的附屬 公司使用不同税率的影響 其他	(55,066) 1,544 –	(28,741) 672 (30) 5,693
	按適用税率15%(二零零五年: 15%)計算的税項) 不可扣税的支出税務影響 無須課税的收入的税務影響 未確認税務虧損的税務影響 動用先前未確認的税務虧損 中國附屬公司豁免繳税的影響 澳門及馬來西亞附屬公司 獲豁免繳税的影響 在不同司法權區營運的附屬 公司使用不同税率的影響	二零零六年 HK\$'000 千港元 除税前盈利 625,586 按適用税率15%(二零零五年: 15%)計算的税項) 93,838 不可扣税的支出税務影響 8,760 無須課税的收入的税務影響 (10,590) 未確認税務虧損的税務影響 1,653 動用先前未確認的税務虧損 (700) 中國附屬公司豁免繳税的影響 (13,881) 澳門及馬來西亞附屬公司 (55,066) 獲豁免繳税的影響 1,544 公司使用不同税率的影響 1,544

10. Profit for the Year

10. 年度盈利

		2006	2005
		二零零六年	二零零五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging:	年度溢利經扣除:		
Directors' emoluments (note 13)	董事酬金(附註13)	5,174	3,540
Other staff costs	其他員工成本	188,047	100,677
Equity-settled share-based payment expenses	以股權支付之開支	1,049	-
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	22,530	2,585
Total staff costs	員工成本總額	216,800	106,802
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	1,537	1,061
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	97,989	81,786
Release of prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項撇銷	3,844	1,855
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses	存貨成本確認為支出	2,903,880	2,197,992
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業·廠房及		
plant and equipment	設備產生的虧損	365	6,816
Loss arising from change in fair value of derivative	因衍生財務工具公平值變動		
financial instrument	所產生的虧損	828	-
Operating lease rentals in respect of land and building	s 土地及樓宇的經營租賃租金	10,251	4,141
and after crediting:	並已計入:		
Interest income	利息收入	1,871	668
Net foreign exchange gain	淨匯兑得益	38,590	1,474
Gain arising from change in fair value of derivative	因衍生財務工具公平值變動		
financial instrument	所產生之得益	23,931	-
Rental income	租金收入	390	-

11. Dividend

11. 股息

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK \$ '000 千港元
Payment of 2005 final dividend of HK\$0.18 (2004: HK\$0.10) per share	二零零五年派發末期股息 每股0.18港元 (二零零四年:0.10港元)	173,409	96,155

A final dividend of HK\$0.24 (2005: HK\$0.18) per share has been proposed by the board of directors of the Company and is subject to approval by the shareholders in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

12. Earnings Per Share

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share for the year is based on the following data:

12. 每股盈利

年內的每股基本及攤薄盈利乃以下列數據為 基準計算:

董事會建議派付末期股息每股0.24港元(二零

零五年:0.18港元),惟須待股東在應屆股東週

年大會上作出批准後方可作實。

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Earnings:	盈利:		
Profit for the year and earnings for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share	用以計算每股基本及攤薄 盈利的年度溢利及盈利	600,028	417,743
Number of shares:	股份數目:		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares in respect of: – share options	用以計算每股基本盈利 的普通股加權平均數 就以下事項所產生的 普通股潛在攤薄影響 一購股權	963,981,063 1,730,267	959,554,581 3,831,667
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	用以計算每股攤薄盈利 的普通股加權平均數	965,711,330	963,386,248

12. Earnings Per Share (Continued)

The computation of diluted earnings per share does not assume the conversion of the Company's convertible bonds since the exercise would result in an increase in profit per share.

The Group's adoption of new and revised accounting policies during the year are described in detail in note 2 above. To the extent that those changes have had an impact on the results reported for 2006, the reported earnings per share for the year are affected. The following table summarises the impact on both basic and diluted earnings per share for the year:

12. 每股盈利 (續)

計算每股攤薄盈利時並無假設本公司之可換 股債券行使換股權。因行使該等可換股債券將 導致每股盈利增加。

本集團於年內採用之最新及經修訂之會計政 策已於附註2詳述。如此改變影響二零零六年 呈報之業績,年內報告之每股盈利亦受影響。 下表總結年內基本及攤薄每股盈利之影響。

		Impact on basic earnings per share 對每股基本 盈利之影響 HK cents 港仙	Impact on diluted earnings per share 對每股攤薄 盈利之影響 HK cents 港仙
Figures before adjustments Adjustments arising from changes in	未經調整之數據 因會計政策改變	61.33	61.22
accounting policies	所產生之調整	0.91	0.91
Reporting /restated	呈報/重列	62.24	62.13



13. Directors' Emoluments

13. 董事酬金

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the 9 (2005:8) directors were as follows:

需要支付或應付給9位董事(二零零五年:8) 的酬金如下:

			Other emoluments 其他酬金				
		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及 其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	benefits schemes 退休 計劃供款 HK\$'000	Performance related incentive payments 有關表現之 獎金付款 HK\$'000 千港元		Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Year ended 31 March 2006	二零零六年三月三十一日之年						
Executive directors	執行董事						
Lee Wan Keung Patrick	李運強	- 1	-	-	-	-	-
Lee Man Chun Raymond	李文俊	-	1,976	12	-	-	1,988
Lee Man Bun	李文斌	- 1	740	12	15	-	767
Tan Siak Him Alexander	陳錫鑫	- 1	1,046	-	41	-	1,087
Li King Wai Ross	李經緯	-	576	12	20	524	1,132
Non-executive director	非執行董事						
Poon Chung Kwong	潘宗光	-	-	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事 工品車						00
Wong Kai Tung Tony	王啟東	80	-	-	-	-	80
Heng Kwoo Seng Law Kar Shui Elizabeth	邢詒春 羅嘉穗	120 -	-	-	-	-	120
		200	4,338	36	76	524	5,174
Year ended 31 March 2005	二零零五年三月三十一日之年	 度					
Executive directors	執行董事						
Lee Wan Keung Patrick	李運強	_	-	-	-	-	-
Lee Man Chun Raymond	李文俊	_	1,830	12	150	-	1,992
Lee Man Bun	李文斌	_	230	8	-	-	238
Tan Siak Him Alexander	陳錫鑫	-	1,066	-	-	-	1,066
Non-executive director	非執行董事						
Poon Chung Kwong	潘宗光	-	-	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事						
Wong Kai Tung Tony	王啟東	94	-	-	-	-	94
Heng Kwoo Seng	邢詒春	150	-	-	-	-	150
Law Kar Shui Elizabeth	羅嘉穂	-	-	-	-	-	-
		244	3,126	20	150	-	3,540

13. Directors' Emoluments (Continued)

In the two years ended 31 March 2006, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as a compensation for loss of office. None of the directors has waived any emoluments during the two years.

Performance related incentive payments were determined with reference to the Group's operating results, individual performances and comparable market statistics.

14. Employees' Emoluments

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, three (2005: two) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are disclosed in note 13 above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2005: three) individuals were as follows:

13. 董事酬金 (續)

截至二零零六年三月三十一日之兩年內,本集 團並無支付任何酬金予董事引誘其加入的或 加入集團後或作為失去其辦公室之補償。這兩 年內無任何董事放棄酬金。

有關表現之花紅款項是根據本集團之營運業 績,個人表現及相對市場統計資料而釐定。

14. 僱員酬金

本集團最高酬金之五位人士,其中三位(二零 零五年:二)為本公司董事而其酬金已於上述 第13點披露。其餘兩位人士(二零零五年:三) 之酬金如下:

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
Salaries and other benefits Contributions to retirement benefits schemes Performance related incentive payments Equity-settled share-based payment expenses	薪金及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款 有關表現之獎金付款 股益結算股權付款開支	1,993 17 38 1,049	2,136 36 38 -
		3,097	2,210

The emoluments were within the following bands:

董事的酬金介乎下列組別:

Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	零-1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元-1,500,000港元 2,000,001港元-2,500,000港元	- 1 1	3 - -
		2	3

15. Property, Plant and Equipment

15. 物業、廠房及設備

		Freehold Land 以永久業權 持有之土地 HK\$'000 千港元		Construction in progress 在建工程 HK\$'000 千港元	Computer System 電腦系統 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture fixtures & equipment 傢俬、固定 裝置及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improve- ments 租賃 物業裝修 HK\$'000 干港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant & machinery 廠房及 機器 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
COST	成本									
At 1 April 2004	二零零四年四月一日	-	377,378	96,442	-	9,933	42,086	9,436	1,562,131	2,097,406
Additions	添置	-	66,375	59,922	-	9,198	42,164	3,907	458,474	640,040
Transfers	轉讓	-	36,532	(75,314)	-	432	2,590	-	35,760	-
Disposals	出售	-	(6,061)	-	-	(17)	-	-	(3,141)	(9,219)
At 31 March 2005	二零零五年三月三十一日	-	474,224	81,050	-	19,546	86,840	13,343	2,053,224	2,728,227
Currency realignment	貨幣重新組合	-	9,036	1,656	-	361	1,836	227	39,468	52,584
Additions	添置	10,309	70,340	975,578	338	6,945	7,208	9,303	53,552	1,133,573
Transfers	轉讓	-	288	(24,458)	13,944	76	-	88	10,062	-
Disposals	出售	-	-	-	-	-	-	(314)	(6,378)	(6,692)
At 31 March 2006	二零零六年三月三十一日	10,309	553,888	1,033,826	14,282	26,928	95,884	22,647	2,149,928	3,907,692
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION	折舊及攤銷									
At 1 April 2004	二零零四年四月一日	-	38,585	-	-	3,131	633	4,079	104,625	151,053
Provided for the year	年內撥備	-	18,811	-	-	2,239	3,180	1,868	55,688	81,786
Eliminated on disposals	出售時對銷	-	(1,307)	-	-	(2)	-	-	(1,079)	(2,388)
At 31 March 2005	二零零五年三月三十一日	-	56,089	-	-	5,368	3,813	5,947	159,234	230,451
Currency realignment	貨幣重新組合	-	1,155	-	-	109	73	96	3,060	4,493
Provided for the year	年內撥備	-	22,235	-	119	3,760	4,903	2,721	64,251	97,989
	出售時對銷	-	-	-	-	-	-	(144)	(97)	(241)
Eliminated on disposals	H H (2) 2) 3)									
Eliminated on disposals At 31 March 2006	二零零六年三月三十一日	-	79,479	-	119	9,237	8,789	8,620	226,448	332,692
· · ·			79,479 474,409	-	119 14,163	9,237 17,691	8,789 87,095	8,620 14,027	226,448 1,923,480	332,692 3,575,000

15. Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

Depreciation and amortisation is provided to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress and freehold land over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account of their estimated residual value, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

除在建工程及永久業權土地外,物業、廠房及 設備計及預計剩餘價值後,於預計可用年期以 直線法計提折舊以撇銷成本,年率如下。

Buildings	し 棲宇	5%
Computer System	電腦系統	20%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	傢俬、固定裝置及設備	20%
Leasehold improvements	租賃物業裝修	5%
Motor vehicles	汽車	20%
Plant and machinery	廠房及機器	3¹/₃% – 20%

Freehold land is not depreciated.

The carrying value of land and buildings of the Group comprises:

以永久業權持有之土地不作折舊。

本集團之土地及建築物賬面值包括:

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK \$ '000 千港元
Freehold land in the United States of America	於美國以永久業權持有 之土地	10,309	
Building on land under medium-term lease in the PRC	於中國以一項中期租賃 租約土地上之樓宇 於美國以永久業權	456,816	418,135
Building on freehold land in the United States of America	於天國以水久未確 持有土地上之樓宇	17,593	-
		484,718	418,135

16. Prepaid Lease Payments

The Group's prepaid lease payments comprise leasehold land in the PRC under medium-term lease:

16. 預付租賃款項

本集團預付租賃款項包括於中國一項中期土 地租賃租約:

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Non-current asset Current asset	因報告用途而作之分析: 非流動資產 流動資產	176,441 3,850	84,585 1,932
		180,291	86,517

16. Prepaid Lease Payments (Continued)

The Group has acquired land use right in the PRC and has erected buildings thereon. While the Group has paid substantially the full consideration of the purchase consideration, the relevant government authorities have not granted formal title to certain of these land use rights to the Group. As at 31 March 2006, the carrying value of the land use rights for which the Group had not been granted formal title amounted to approximately HK\$110.3 million (2005: HK\$16.5 million). In the opinion of the directors, the absence of formal title to these land use rights does not impair the value of the relevant properties to the Group. The directors also believe that formal title to these land use rights will be granted to the Group in due course.

17. Deposits Paid on Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment and Land Use Right

The deposits were paid by the Group in connection with the acquisition of property, plant and equipment and land use right for new production facilities. The related capital commitments are included in note 30.

18. Inventories

16. 預付租賃款項(續)

集團持有中國土地使用權並已建設樓宇,雖然 集團已全數支付購地之代價,但相關政府機構 仍未授予集團某些土地使用權正式擁有權。於 二零零六年三月三十一日,集團並未授予正式 擁有權之土地使用權之賬面值約為110.3百萬 港元(二零零五年:16.5百萬港元)。董事認為 缺乏某些土地使用權正式擁有權並不會損害 集團相應物業價值。董事亦相信在不久將來集 團會授予該等土地使用權正式擁有權。

17. 購置物業、廠房及設備及土地使用權所付 訂金

所付訂金是本集團為了新生產設施而購置的 物業、廠房及設備及土地使用權的訂金。有關 的資本承擔載於附註30。

18. 存貨

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
Raw materials Finished goods	原料 製成品	663,605 110,654	458,376 89,988
		774,259	548,364

19. Other Financial Assets

19. 其他財務資產

(a) Trade receivables and bills receivable

The Group generally allows an average credit period range from 45 to 60 days.

An aging analysis of the trade receivables and bills receivable is as follows:

應收貿易賬款及應收票款的賬齡分析如 下:

本集團給予客戶的信貸期一般由45日至

(a) 應收貿易賬款及應收票款

60日不等。

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
Trade receivables Bills receivable	應收貿易賬款 應收票款	676,364 130,753	500,860 72,078
		807,117	572,938
Aged: Less than 30 days 31 – 60 days 61 – 90 days Over 90 days	賬齡: 少於30日 31日 – 60日 61日 – 90日 90日以上	467,520 187,184 104,210 48,203	439,561 97,406 25,796 10,175
		807,117	572,938

As at 31 March 2006, bills receivable of HK\$49,313,000 (2005: Nil) has been pledged to secure banking facilities granted by certain banks to the Group.

The fair value of the Group's trade receivables and bills receivable as at 31 March 2006 approximates the corresponding carrying amount.

(b) Deposits, prepayments and other receivables

The fair value of the Group's other receivables as at 31 March 2006 approximates the corresponding carrying amount.

於二零零六年三月三十一日·49,313,000 港元(二零零五年:無)之應收票款已向 若干銀行抵押以獲得銀行信貸設施。

於二零零六年三月三十一日本集團之應 收貿易賬款及應收票款的公平值與其賬 面值相若。

(b) 訂金、預付款項及其他應收賬 於二零零六年三月三十一日本集團之其 他應收賬的公平值與其賬面值相若。

19. Other Financial Assets (Continued)

(c) Notes receivable

In January 2005, the Group purchased from a group of investors term loans with face value of US\$33,118,778 due by Stockton Pacific Enterprises, Inc ("Stockton") at a consideration of US\$3,515,742, equivalent to approximately HK\$27,423,000. Stockton operated a totally chlorine free kraft pulp mill in Samoa, California, U.S.A. The collateral securing these term loans is Stockton's real estate, buildings, personal property and most of its other assets.

Shortly before the Group's purchase of the loans, Stockton had shut down the mill and laid off virtually all of its employees. Within days of the Group's purchase of the loans, all of the officers and directors of Stockton resigned. On 21 January 2005, the Group took possession of the mill in order to protect the collateral for the loans.

The Group's intent is to foreclose on the loans and offer the collateral for sale at public auctions. It is also the Group's intent to bid in the carrying value of the loan notes as necessary to purchase most of the assets offered for sale at the auctions.

In March 2005, the Group bid in a portion of the loan notes to purchase certain account receivables of US\$100,000, equivalent to approximately HK\$780,000.

In August 2005, the Group bid in the remaining portion of the loan notes to purchase property, plant and equipment of approximately US\$3,415,000, equivalent to approximately HK\$26,643,000.

(d) Restricted bank deposits and bank balances and cash The restricted bank deposits represent amounts placed in specific bank accounts to secure delay payment of custom duties to the PRC government. Deposits amounting to HK\$1,154,000 (2005: HK\$1,055,000) are with maturity within one year from the balance sheet date and are therefore classified as current assets.

The restricted bank deposits carry fixed interest rate of 3.0% (2005: 2.5%) per annum. The fair value of the Group's restricted bank deposits as at 31 March 2006 approximates the corresponding carrying amount.

The fair value of the Group's bank balances and cash as at 31 March 2006 approximates the corresponding carrying amount.

19. 其他財務資產(續)

(c) 應收票據

於二零零五年一月,集團以3,515,742美元(相等於27,423,000港元)從一群投資者中購入Stockton Pacific Enterprises, Inc (「Stockton」)面值33,118,778美元之有期借貸。Stockton於美國加州薩摩亞經營一間生產全無氯氣成份之牛皮木漿廠。 有期借貸乃以Stockton之房地產、私有財產及其他資產作抵押品。

於集團購入借貸之不久前,Stockton已將 工廠關閉並遣散所有僱員。Stockton之所 有董事及職員亦於集團購入借貸後數日 內辭職。於二零零五年一月二十一日,集 團接管工廠以保障借貸下之抵押品。

集團的意願是取消借貸的贖取權而將抵 押品公開拍賣。集團亦打算在拍賣中以 借貸票據帳面值競投以購入大部份資 產。

於二零零五年三月·集團以部份借貸票 據投得值100,000美元(約780,000港元) 之若干應收款項。

於二零零五年八月·集團以餘下的 借貸票據投得值3,415,000美元(約 26,643,000港元)之物業、廠房及設備。

(d) 有限制銀行存款及銀行結餘及現金 有限制銀行存款指為保障過期關税支付 予中國政府而存放在某指定銀行戶口的 款項。在結算日於一年內到期之存款為 1,154,000港元(二零零五年:1,055,000 港元),並統計為流動資產。

> 有限制銀行存款帶有固定年息率3.0% (二零零五年:2.5%)。於二零零六年三 月三十一日本集團之受限制銀行存款的 公平值與其賬面值相若。

於二零零六年三月三十一日本集團之銀 行結餘及現金的公平值與其賬面值相 若。

69

20. Amount Due from a Related Company

The amount represents trading balance due from Lee & Man Industrial Manufacturing Limited ("Lee & Man Industrial Manufacturing") which is beneficially owned by Mr Lee Wan Keung Patrick, a director of the Company.

The amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand or within one year. The fair value of the amount approximates the corresponding carrying amount. The amount for both years is aged less than 30 days.

21. Trade and Bills Payable

Trade and bills payable principally comprises amounts outstanding for trade purchases and ongoing costs. The average credit period taken for trade purchases range from 30 to 60 days.

An aging analysis of the trade and bills payable is as follows:

20. 應收有關連公司款項

有關款項是Lee & Man Industrial Manufacturing Limited (「理文實業」)的貿易 結餘。理文實業的實益持有人為本公司董事李 運強先生。

款項為無抵押、無利息及應要求時或一年內償 還。款項的公平值與其賬面值相若。該款項在 這兩年的賬齡少於30日。

21. 應付賬款及票款

應付賬款及票款主要包括貿易購買及持續開 支成本之未付金額。貿易購買之平均賒賬期由 30至60日不等。

應付賬款及票款之賬齡分析如下:

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
Aged:	賬齡:		
Less than 30 days	少於30日	155,877	83,800
31 – 60 days	31日-60日	7,991	5,423
61 – 90 days	61日-90日	5,074	3,982
Over 90 days	90日以上	747	4,557
		169,689	97,762

The fair value of the Group's trade and bills payable as at 31 March 2006 approximates the corresponding carrying amount.

22. Accruals and Other Payables

The fair value of the Group's other payables as at 31 March 2006 approximates the corresponding carrying amount.

於二零零六年三月三十一日本集團之應付賬 款及票款的公平值與其賬面值相若。

22. 應計費用及其他應付款項

二零零六年三月三十一日集團其他應付款項 之公平值與其賬面值相若。

23. Bank Borrowings

23. 銀行借貸

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
Bank loans Bank import loans	銀行貸款 銀行進口貸款	617,413 264,694	596,631 172,556
		882,107	769,187
Analysed as: Secured Unsecured	分析: 有抵押 無抵押	49,313 832,794 882,107	- 769,187 769,187
The bank borrowings are repayable as follows: Within one year or on demand In the second year	銀行借貸的還款期如下: 一年內或應要求償還 兩年內	782,107	618,474 150,713
Less: Amount due within one year shown under current liabilities	減:入賬列為流動負債的 一年內到期款項	882,107 (782,107)	769,187 (618,474)
Amount due after one year	一年後到期款項	100,000	150,713

The Group's bank borrowings include HK\$49,313,000 (2005: Nil) fixed-rate borrowings which carry interest ranging from 2.0% to 3.2% per annum (2005: Nil) and HK\$832,794,000 (2005: HK\$769,187,000) variable-rate borrowings which carry interest ranging from HIBOR plus 0.7% to HIBOR plus 0.9% (2005: ranging from HIBOR plus 0.7% to HIBOR plus 0.9%).

本集團銀行借貸包括49,313,000港元(二零零 五年:無)年息率2.0%至3.2%之定息借貸(二 零零五年:無)及832,794,000港元(二零零五 年:769,187,000港元)之不定息借貸,息率由 港元利率加上0.7%至0.9%不等(二零零五 年:由港元利率加上0.7%至0.9%不等)。

23. Bank Borrowings (Continued)

23. 銀行借貸(續)

The Group's borrowings denominated in the currencies other than the functional currency of the respective entity are set out below: 除有關本集團之功能貨幣外·本集團之借貸貨 幣面值如下:

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
Hong Kong Dollars	港元	325,000	282,000

The fair value of the Group's bank borrowings as at 31 March 2006 approximates the corresponding carrying amount.

截至二零零六年三月三十一日本集團的銀行 借貸之公平值與其賬面值相若。

24. Derivative Financial Instruments

24. 衍生財務工具

Currency structured instruments 貨幣組織工具 1,131 (828) Derivative embedded in the convertible bonds 可換股債券內含衍生工具 - (1,200) 1,131 (2,028)		200 二零零 Assets 資產 HK\$′000 千港元	-	2005 二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元
convertible bonds – (1,200)		1,131	(828)	_
1,131 (2,028)	 可探放俱分内召彻生工共	-	(1,200)	-
		1,131	(2,028)	-

24. Derivative Financial Instruments (Continued)

(i) Currency Structured Instruments

Major terms of the currency structured instruments are as follows:

24. 衍生財務工具(續)

(i) 貨幣結構工具貨幣結構工具主要條款如下:

Notional amount 概念金額	Maturity 到期日	Currency Conversion 貨幣轉换
Buy Euro 4,000,000	24 July 2006	Euro/USD
買400萬歐元	二零零六年七月二十四日	歐元/美元
Buy Euro 3,000,000	29 August 2006	Euro/USD
買300萬歐元	二零零六年八月二十九日	歐元/美元
Buy Euro 500,000	25 September 2006	Euro/USD
買50萬歐元	二零零六年九月二十五日	歐元/美元
Buy Euro 4,000,000	25 September 2006	Euro/USD
買400萬歐元	二零零六年九月二十五日	歐元/美元
Buy Euro 4,000,000	26 September 2006	Euro/USD
買400萬歐元	二零零六年九月二十六日	歐元/美元
Buy Euro 4,000,000	27 October 2006	Euro/USD
買400萬歐元	二零零六年十月二十七日	歐元/美元
Buy Euro 4,000,000	27 November 2006	Euro/USD
買400萬歐元	二零零六年十一月二十七日	歐元/美元
Buy Euro 4,000,000	28 November 2006	Euro/USD
買400萬歐元	二零零六年十一月二十八日	歐元/美元
Buy Euro 4,000,000	27 December 2006	Euro/USD
買400萬歐元	二零零六年十二月二十七日	歐元/美元
Buy Euro 5,000,000	29 January 2007	Euro/USD
買500萬歐元	二零零七年一月二十九日	歐元/美元
Buy Euro 5,000,000	26 February 2007	Euro/USD
買500萬歐元	二零零七年二月二十六日	歐元/美元
Buy USD 1,000,000	19 March 2007	USD/HKD
買100萬美元	二零零七年三月十九日	美元/港元
Buy USD 1,000,000	28 March 2007	USD/HKD
買100萬美元	二零零七年三月二十八日	美元/港元
Buy USD 1,000,000	16 April 2007	USD/HKD
買100萬美元	二零零七年四月十六日	美元/港元
Buy USD 1,000,000	25 April 2007	USD/HKD
買100萬美元	二零零七年四月二十五日	美元/港元
Buy GBP 200,000	26 September 2006	GBP/USD
買20萬英鎊	二零零六年九月二十六日	英鎊/美元

The above derivatives are measured at fair value at each balance sheet date. Their fair values are determined based on the quoted market prices for equivalent instruments at the balance sheet date. 以上衍生工具乃採用每個結算日之公平值計 量。公平值是以每個結算日相等的工具之市場 價格報價為基礎而釐定。

24. Derivative Financial Instruments (Continued)

24. 衍生財務工具 (續)

(ii) Derivative embedded in the convertible bonds

(ii) 可换股債券內含衍生工具

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Derivative embedded in the convertible bonds issued during the year Changes in fair value	年內發行之可換股債券內 含衍生工具 公平值變動	24,000 (22,800)	-
Embedded derivative at 31 March, at fair value	於三月三十一日衍生工具 之公平值	1,200	_

The fair value was calculated using the Black's Model. The valuation of fair value was carried out by Sallmanns (Far East) Limited, independent valuer not connected with the Group. The change in fair value of HK\$22,800,000 has been recognised in the income statement during the year.

The inputs used in the model were as follows:

公平值以柏力克-舒爾斯模式計算。公平值評 估是由西門(遠東)有限公司完成·彼為一獨立 評估員·與本集團並無關連。年內·22,800,000 港元之公平值變動已於損益賬內確認。

模式之數據輸入如下:

Share price on valuation date	HK\$10.45	於股值日之股價	10.45港元
Exercise price	HK\$12.04	行使價	12.04港元
Expected discount	8%	預計折讓	8%
Intrinsic value per share	HK\$0.014	每股內在值	0.014港元

25. Convertible Bonds

25. 可换股债券

Convertible bonds due 2011於二零一一年到期之 可換股債券1,000,000Less:減:1,000,000Arrangement fees incurred on issue of the convertible bonds發行可換股債券時之 手續費(25,706) (62,000)Equity portion in the convertible bonds可換股債券之權益部份 (62,000)(24,000) (24,000)Add: Interest on convertible bonds可換股債券之利息12,712Carrying value of the convertible bonds三月三十一日可換股債券12,712			2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
convertible bonds手續費(25,706)Equity portion in the convertible bonds可換股債券之權益部份(62,000)Embedded derivative in the convertible bonds可換股債券內之衍生工具(24,000)Add:加:加:Interest on convertible bonds可換股債券之利息12,712		可換股債券 減:	1,000,000	-
Embedded derivative in the convertible bonds 可換股債券內之衍生工具 (24,000) Add: 加: Interest on convertible bonds 可換股債券之利息 12,712	-	手續費	(25,706)	-
Interest on convertible bonds 可換股債券之利息 12,712	dded derivative in the convertible bonds	可換股債券內之衍生工具		
			12,712	-
at 31 March 之賬面值 901,006			901,006	_

25. Convertible Bonds (Continued)

On 13 January 2006, the Company issued HK\$1,000 million zero coupon convertible bonds due in 2011 (the "2011 Bonds"). They are convertible, at the option of their holders, into ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company at a conversion price of HK\$12.04 per share at any time on or after 28 January 2006 up to and including 6 January 2011.

The 2011 Bonds do not bear interest. Unless previously redeemed, converted or purchased and cancelled, the 2011 Bonds will be redeemed by the Company at 124.92% of their principal amount on 13 January 2011. All or some of the 2011 Bonds may be redeemed at the option of the relevant holder on 13 January 2008 at 109.31% of their principal amount. On or at any time after 13 January 2008, the Company may redeem all but not some of the 2011 Bonds, at any time prior to maturity, at an early redemption amount as stated in the 2011 Bonds, provided, however, that no such redemption may be made unless either (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange for any 30 consecutive trading days, the last day of such 30-day period falling within five trading days prior to the date upon which notice of such redemption is given, was at least 130% of the applicable early redemption amount in effect on each such trading day divided by the conversion ratio as stated in the 2011 Bonds: or (ii) at least 90% in principal amount of the 2011 Bonds has already been converted, redeemed or purchased and cancelled.

As at 31 March 2006, none of the 2011 Bonds had been converted into ordinary shares of the Company.

The valuation of the 2011 Bonds was carried out by Sallmanns (Far East) Limited. The 2011 Bonds contain three components, derivative financial instruments, liability and equity elements. Upon the application of HKAS 32 (see note 3 for details), the equity element is presented in equity heading "convertible bonds equity reserve". The effective interest rate of the liability component is 6.84%. The fair value of early redemption rights are presented in derivative financial instruments in note 24.

25. 可換股債券 (續)

於二零零六年一月十三日,本公司發行10億港 元之零息可換股債券二零一一年到期(「二零 一一年債券」)。債券可根據持有人之選擇,以 轉換價12.04港元於二零零六年一月二十八日 或之後至二零一一年一月六日止任何時間轉 換為公司每股0.10港元之普通股。

二零一一年可換股債券並無利息。除非早前 已贖回、轉換或購買及註銷,二零一一年可換 股債券將於二零一一年一月十三日以本金之 124.92%由本公司贖回。在相關持有人的選擇 下,全部或部份二零一一年可換股債券可能於 二零零八年一月十三日以本金之109.31%贖 回。在二零零八年一月十三日或之後的任何時 間,本公司可於到期前,隨時按二零一一年可 換股債券所列提早贖回款額,贖回全部而非部 分二零一一年可換股債券,惟於以下情況始能 贖回:(i)本公司股份連續30個交易日於聯交所 的收市價·最少為該交易日適用提早贖回款額 130%除二零一一年可換股債券所列轉換率, 而該30日期間之最後一日為發出該等贖回通 知前5個交易日;或(ii)二零一一年可換股債券 本金之最少90%已轉換、贖回、購買或註銷。

截至二零零六年三月三十一日止並無任何二 零一一年可換股債券被轉為本公司普通股。

二零一一年可換股債券之評估由西門(遠東) 有限公司完成。二零一一年可換股債券包括三 個部份:衍生財務工具、負債及權益元素。應用 香港會計準則第32號(詳情參閲附註3)後,權 益元素於權益標題「可換股債券權益儲備」呈 列。負債部份之實際利率為6.84%。早期認購 權利之公平值於附註24衍生財務工具內呈列。

26. Share Capital

26. 股本

		Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目	Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each Authorised: At 1 April 2004, 31 March 2005 and 31 March 2006	每股面值0.10港元的普通股 法定: 二零零四年四月一日、 二零零五年三月三十一日及 二零零六年三月三十一日	2,000,000,000	200,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:		
At 1 April 2004 Issue of new shares on placement of shares Exercise of share options	二零零四年四月一日 因配股而發行新股 行使配股權	840,530,000 120,000,000 2,854,000	84,053 12,000 285
At 31 March 2005 Exercise of share options	二零零五年三月三十一日 行使配股權	963,384,000 4,224,000	96,338 423
At 31 March 2006	二零零六年三月三十一日	967,608,000	96,761

During the year, 4,224,000 share options under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme were exercised at a subscription price of HK\$4.17 per share, resulting in the issue of 4,224,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each in the Company.

All the shares issued during the year rank pari passu with the then existing shares in all respects.

27. Share Option Schemes

Pursuant to the written resolution of the shareholders of the Company dated 11 September 2003, two share option schemes, namely Share Option Scheme (the "Scheme") and Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (the "Pre-IPO Scheme"), were approved and adopted.

The Scheme and the Pre-IPO Scheme were established for the purpose of providing incentives to directors and eligible persons. The Scheme and Pre-IPO Scheme will remain in force for a period of ten years and three years, respectively from adoption of the schemes and will expire on 10 September 2013 and 10 September 2006, respectively.

年內·共有4,224,000股權根據首次公開售股 前購投計劃授出的購股權獲行使·認購價為每 股4.17港元·導致發行4,224,000股本公司每 股面值0.10港元的普通股。

年內發行的所有股份在所有方面與當時的現 有股份享有同等權益。

27. 購股權計劃

根據本公司股東於二零零三年九月十一日通 過的書面決議案,兩個購股權計劃,即購股權 計劃(「該計劃」)及首次公開售股前購股權計 劃(「首次公開售股前計劃」)均獲批准及採 納。

設立該計劃及首次公開售股前計劃,旨在提供 獎勵予董事及合資格人士。該計劃及首次公開 售股前計劃的有效期自採納日期起計,分別為 十年及三年,並將分別於二零一三年九月十日 及二零零六年九月十日屆滿。

27. Share Option Schemes (Continued)

(i) Share Option Scheme

Under the Scheme, the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Directors") may at their discretion grant options to (i) any director (including executive directors, non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors) and employees of the Group in which the Group holds an equity interest or a subsidiary of such company ("Affiliate"); or (ii) any advisors, consultants, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners, promoters, service providers of any member of the Group as may be determined by the Directors from time to time to subscribe for the shares of the Company (the "Shares").

Options granted must be taken up within 28 days of the date of grant. The maximum number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at any point in time. The maximum number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue on the last date of such 12-month period unless approval of the shareholders of the Company has been obtained in accordance with the Listing Rules.

Options may be exercised during such period (including the minimum period, if any, for which an option must be held before it can be exercised) as may be determined by the Directors (which shall be less than ten years from the date of issue of the relevant option). Options may be granted without initial payment except the payment of HK\$1 as consideration for grant of option each time. The exercise price is equal to the highest of (i) nominal value of the Shares; (ii) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of the grant; and (iii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the grant.

27. 購股權計劃(續)

(i) 購股權計劃

根據該計劃,本公司董事會(「董事會」) 可不時酌情決定授出購股權予(i)本集團 的任何董事(包括執行董事、非執行董事 及獨立非執行董事)及僱員、本集團持有 股權的公司或該公司的附屬公司(「聯屬 公司」);或(ii)本集團任何成員公司的任 何顧問、專家顧問、分銷商、承包商、供應 商、代理人、客戶、業務夥伴、推廣人員及 服務供應商,以認購本公司股份(「股 份」)。

合資格人士必須於授出日期起計二十八 日內接納購股權。根據購股權計劃授出 的購股權所涉及的股份數目,在任何時 候不得超逾本公司已發行股本10%。除 非根據上市規則的規定取得本公司股東 的批准,否則任何人士在任何12個月期 間內獲授的購股權所涉及的股份最高數 目,不得超逾於上述12個月期間最後一 日本公司已發行股份的1%。

承授人可於董事會決定的期間(包括購 股權行使前必須持有的最短期限(如 有))行使購股權(該期間由有關購股權 發行日期起計不得超逾十年)。除了須支 付1港元作為每次獲授購股權的代價外, 購股權可在毋須作出初期付款的情況下 授出。行使價相等於下列較高者:(i)股份 面值:(ii)股份於授出日期在聯交所每日報 價表所示的收市價:及(iii)股份在緊接授 出日期前五個營業日在聯交所每日報價 表所示的平均收市價。

27. Share Option Schemes (Continued)

(i) Share Option Scheme (Continued)

The following table discloses details of the Company's options under the Scheme held by employees (including directors) and movement in such holdings during the year:

27. 購股權計劃 (續)

(i) 購股權計劃(續) 下表披露於計劃下之僱員(包括董事)持 有公司購股權詳情及於年內之變動:

Category 種類	Date of grant 授予期	Exercise price HK\$ 行使價 港元	Granted during the year and outstanding at 31.3.2006 年內授出及 於二零零六年三月三十一日 尚未行使數目
 Director 董事	23 December 2005 二零零五年十二月二十三日	8.50	600,000
Employees 僱員	23 December 2005 二零零五年十二月二十三日	8.50	1,200,000

1,800,000

The options granted on 23 December 2005 may be exercised in accordance with the following terms of the Share Option Scheme as to:

- (a) one-third of the options commencing 23 December 2005 to 22 December 2008, the fair value of the options granted at the date of grant is HK\$1.87;
- (b) one-third of the options commencing 23 December 2006 to 22 December 2008 with vesting period from 23 December 2005 to 22 December 2006, the fair value of the options granted at the date of grant is HK\$1.97; and

(c) one-third of the options commencing 23 December 2007

to 22 December 2008 with vesting period from 23 December 2005 to 22 December 2007, the fair value of

the options granted at the date of grant is HK\$2.08.

於二零零五年十二月二十三日授出之購 股權可根據購股權計劃下的條款行使:

- (a) 由二零零五年十二月二十三日至二
 零零八年十二月二十二日行使三分
 之一的購股權,購股權在授出日當
 日之公平值估計為1.87港元:
- (b) 由二零零六年十二月二十三日至二 零零八年十二月二十二日行使三分 之一的購股權及獲淮行使期由二零 零五年十二月二十三日至二零零六 年十二月二十二日,購股權在授出 日當日之公平值估計為1.97港元; 及
- (c) 由二零零七年十二月二十三日至二 零零八年十二月二十二日行使三分 之一的購股權及獲淮行使期由二零 零五年十二月二十三日至二零零七 年十二月二十二日,購股權在授出 日當日之公平值估計為2.08港元。

27. Share Option Schemes (Continued)

(i) Share Option Scheme (Continued)

These fair values were calculated using Binominal model. The valuation of fair values determination as at 23 December 2005 was carried out by Sallmanns (Far East) Limited. The inputs used in the model were as follows:

	2006
Closing share price at date of grant	HK\$8.50
Exercise price	HK\$8.50
Expected volatility (note a)	37.01%
Risk-free interest rate (note b)	4.10%
Expected annual dividend yield (note c)	2.63%
Expected life	3 years

Notes:

- (a) Expected volatility was determined by using historical volatility of the price return of the ordinary shares of the Company.
- (b) The risk-free rate interest was based on the yield of Exchange Fund Note.
- (c) The expected dividend yield was assumed to be 2.63% per annum.

The estimated fair value of HK\$1,573,000 with respect to share options granted to a director and employees on 23 December 2005, were charged to the income statement during the year.

(ii) Pre-IPO Scheme

The principal terms of the Pre-IPO Scheme, approved and amended by written resolutions of the shareholders of the Company dated 11 September 2003, are similar to the terms of the Scheme except for the followings:

- (a) The subscription price per share shall be the price per public offer share on the initial public offering in September 2003 ("Offer price"); and
- (b) Save for the options which have been granted (with details set out below), no further options will be offered or granted, as the right to do so will end upon the listing of the shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange.

27. 購股權計劃 (續)

(i) 購股權計劃 (*續*)

該等公平值以二項式模式計算。截至二 零零五年十二月二十三日之公平值釐定 之估值由西門(遠東)有限公司完成。用 於計算模式之輸入如下:

二零零六年

授予日之股份收市價	8.50港元
行使價	8.50港元
預期波幅(附註a)	37.01%
無風險利息率(附註b)	4.10%
預期每年股息孳息率(附註c)	2.63%
預計可用年期	三年

附註:

- (a) 預期波幅是以本公司普通股的歷史價 格回報波幅而釐定。
- (b) 無風險利息率以外匯基金票據孳息率 為基礎。
- (c) 預期股息孳息率估計為每年2.63%。

有關於二零零五年十二月二十三日授予 一名董事及僱員之購股權之估計公平值 1,573,000港元,已在年內之綜合損益表 內入賬。

(ii) 首次公開售股前計劃

除下述者外,首次公開售股前計劃的條 款(經本公司股東於二零零三年九月十 一日通過的書面決議案批准及修訂)與 該計劃的條款類似:

- (a) 每股認購價相等於二零零三年九月 首次公開發售時每股公開發售股份 的價格(「發售價」);及
- (b) 除了已授出的購股權(詳見下文) 外,本公司不會再行提呈或授出任 何購股權,原因是作出此舉的權利 已自本公司股份在聯交所上市之時 起終止。

27. Share Option Schemes (Continued)

On 11 September 2003, the Company granted share options under the Pre-IPO Scheme to the Directors and certain employees of the Group, which entitles them to subscribe for a total of 75,000,000 shares at HK\$4.17 per share.

Save and except to Gold Best, all other holders to whom options have been granted under the Pre-IPO Scheme will be entitled to exercise (i) up to 50% of the options granted to him/her at any time after the expiry of 6 months till the first anniversary of the listing date, (ii) up to 75% of the options granted to him/her of any time until the second anniversary of the listing date, (iii) up to 100% of the options granted to him/her at any time until the third anniversary of the listing date.

The following table discloses details of the Company's options under the Pre-IPO Scheme held by employees (including directors) and movement in such holdings during the year:

27. 購股權計劃 (續)

於二零零三年九月十一日,本公司根據首次公開售股前計劃授出購股權予本集團董事及若 干僱員,使彼等可按每股4.17港元的價格,合 共認購75,000,000股股份。

除了Gold Best外,根據首次公開售股前計劃獲 授購股權的所有其他股東可(i)於上市日滿六個 月起至上市日一周年前行使最多達獲授購股 權的50%;(ii)於上市日兩周年之前行使最多達 獲授購股權的75%;(iii)於上市日三周年之前行 使最多達獲授購股權的100%。

下表披露本公司於首次公開售股前計劃下之 僱員(包括董事)持有公司購股權詳情及於年 內之變動:

Category 類别	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise price 行使價 HK\$ 港元	Outstanding at 1.4.2004 二零零四年 四月一日 尚未行使	Exercised during the year 年內行使	Outstanding at 31.3.2005 二零零五年 三月三十一日 尚未行使	Exercised during the year 年內行使	Outstanding at 31.3.2006 二零零六年 三月三十一日 尚未行使
Directors 董事	11 September 2003 二零零三年九月十一日	4.17	5,800,000	(1,014,000)	4,786,000	(1,920,000)	2,866,000
Employees 僱員	11 September 2003 二零零三年九月十一日	4.17	4,894,000	(840,000)	4,054,000	(1,404,000)	2,650,000
Others 其他	11 September 2003 二零零三年九月十一日	4.17	1,900,000	(1,000,000)	900,000	(900,000)	-
			12,594,000	(2,854,000)	9,740,000	(4,224,000)	5,516,000

The fair value of the Company's share at the date of issue for the exercise of share option during the year ranging from HK\$7.13 to HK\$7.48.

Total consideration received during the year from directors and employees for exercise of the options granted under the Pre-IPO Scheme is HK\$17,614,000. 年內·購股權行使期頒布日之本公司股份公平 值由7.13港元至7.48港元不等。

根據首次公開售股前計劃下授予董事及員工 之購股權行使總利益收入為17,614,000港元。



28. Deferred Tax

28. 遞延税項

The followings are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised and movement thereon during the current and prior reporting periods. 下表為主要遞延税項負債及資產確認及其在 現在及過往報告期內之變動。

	F	Recognition of income 已確認之收入 HK\$'000 千港元	Tax losses 税項虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2004 Charge (credit) to income statement	二零零四年四月一日 年內於收益賬扣除(計入)	-	-	-
for the year		9,151	(8,860)	291
At 31 March 2005	二零零五年三月三十一日	9,151	(8,860)	291
Exchange difference	滙兑差額 (生)、	176	-	176
Charge (credit) to income statement for the year	年內於收益賬扣除(計入)	20,939	(11,096)	9,843
At 31 March 2006	二零零六年三月三十一日	30,266	(19,956)	10,310

For the purpose of balance sheet presentation, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes: 為用作資產負債表呈報目的,若干遞延税項資 產及負債已抵銷。下表為用作財務報告目的之 遞延税項結餘分析:

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
Deferred tax liabilities Deferred tax assets	遞延税項負債 遞延税項資產	30,266 (19,956)	9,151 (8,860)
		10,310	291

At 31 March 2006, the Group had unused tax losses of approximately HK\$79,753,000 (2005: HK\$33,543,000) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of approximately HK\$70,089,000 (2005: HK\$29,324,000) of such losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised of the remaining approximately HK\$9,664,000 (2005: HK\$4,219,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The unrecognised tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

At 31 March 2006, the Group had deferred tax assets resulted from tax losses of a subsidiary in the United States of America recognised. The tax losses may be carried forward for twenty years following the loss year. 於二零零六年三月三十一日,本集團尚未動用 但可用作抵扣未來課税盈利之税項虧損約有 79,753,000港元(二零零五年:33,543,000港 元)。其中就該虧損確認了約70,089,000港元 (二零零五年:29,324,000港元)之遞延税項資 產。由於未來盈利之流入不可預測,餘下約 9,664,000港元(二零零五年:4,219,000港元) 之虧損並無確認為遞延税項資產。未確認之税 項虧損可無限期結轉。

於二零零六年三月三十一日,由於因美國附屬 公司的税項虧損確認,本集團有遞延税項資 產。税項虧損可以由虧損年開始結轉二十年。

29. Operating Lease Commitments

29. 經營租約承擔

At the balance sheet date, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings, which fall due as follows:

於結算日,本集團根據不可撤銷的土地及樓宇 經營租約於日後應付的最低租金如下:

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK \$ ′000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	310	5,889
In the second to fifth year inclusive	第二年至第五年內 (包括首尾兩年)	-	33
		310	5,922

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its offices. Leases are negotiated for an average term of one year with fixed rentals. 經營租金指本集團就若干辦公室應付的租金, 租期平均一年,期內租金不變。

30. Capital Commitments

30. 資本承擔

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the financial statements in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment and land use right	就購置物業、廠房及設備 及土地使用權已訂約 但未於財務報表中 撥備的資本開支	1,512,699	655,919

31. Contingent Liabilities

31. 或然負債

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK \$ ′000 千港元
Bills discounted with recourse	具追溯權的貼現票據	-	240,050

32. Non-cash Transactions

During the year, notes receivable of approximately HK\$26,643,000 (2005: HK\$780,000) was utilised to acquire property, plant and equipment which amounted to approximately HK\$26,643,000 (2005: trade receivables of HK\$780,000) as mentioned in note 19(c).

32. 非現金交易

年內,約26,643,000港元(二零零五年: 780,000港元)之應收票據用於附註19(c)所提 及約26,643,000港元(二零零五年:應收貿易 款項為780,000港元)之物業、廠房及設備購 置。



32. Non-cash Transactions

32. 非現金交易

During the year ended 31 March 2005, part of the proceeds for the issue of new shares payable by the ultimate holding company had been settled by the amount due to ultimate holding company.

33. Balance Sheet of the Company

The balance sheet of the Company as at 31 March 2006 is as follows:

33. 本公司資產負債表

應付最終控股公司款項結賬。

截至二零零五年三月三十一日年度內,最終控

股公司需支付部份因發行新股所得款項已與

截至二零零六年三月三十一日資產負債表如 下:

2006

2005

		二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries	資產及負債 非流動資產 於附屬公司的投資	637,977	637,977
Current assets Other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Bank balances	流動資產 其他應收款項 應收附屬公司款項 銀行結餘	_ 2,925,569 155	165 2,255,199 325
		2,925,724	2,255,689
Current Liabilities Other payables Derivative financial instrument Unsecured bank borrowings – due within one year	流動負債 其他應付款項 衍生財務工具 無抵押銀行借貸-一年內到期	400 1,200 –	602 - 159,133
		1,600	159,735
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	2,924,124	2,095,954
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債	3,562,101	2,733,931
Non-current liabilities Unsecured bank borrowings – due after one year Convertible bonds	非流動負債 無抵押銀行借貸-一年後到期 可換股債券	- 901,006	150,713
		901,006	150,713
		2,661,095	2,583,218
Capital and Reserves Share capital Reserves (Note)	股本及儲備 股本 儲備(附註)	96,761 2,564,334	96,338 2,486,880
		2,661,095	2,583,218

33. Balance Sheet of the Company (Continued)

Note:

Reserves

33. 本公司資產負債表(續)

附註:	
儲備	

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Share options reserve 購股權 儲備 HK\$ ⁰⁰⁰ 千港元	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Convertible bonds equity reserve 可换股債券 股益儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Accumulated (loss) profit 累計(虧損) 盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2004	二零零四年四月一日	1,042,438	_	634,977	-	(5,056)	1,672,359
Premium arising on issue of shares Expenses incurred in connection	發行股份產生的溢價 發行股份產生的費用	809,016	-	-	-	-	809,016
with the issue of shares		(4,826)	-	-	-	-	(4,826)
Profit for the year	年內盈利	-	-	-	-	106,486	106,486
Dividend paid	派息	-	-	-	-	(96,155)	(96,155)
At 31 March 2005	二零零五年三月三十一日	1,846,628	-	634,977	-	5,275	2,486,880
Issue of convertible bonds Transaction costs attributable to	發行可換股債券 發行可換股債券涉及	-	-	-	62,000	-	62,000
issue of convertible bonds	之交易成本	-	-	-	(1,744)	-	(1,744)
Premium arising on issue of shares Recognition of equity-settled	發行股份產生的溢價 股益結算股權支付款項	17,191	-	-	-	-	17,191
share-based payment expenses	開支確認	-	1,573	-	-	-	1,573
Profit for the year	年內盈利	-	-	-	-	171,843	171,843
Dividend paid	派息	-	-	-	-	(173,409)	(173,409)
At 31 March 2006	二零零六年三月三十一日	1,863,819	1,573	634,977	60,256	3,709	2,564,334

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the aggregate net assets of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company pursuant to the corporate reorganisation in September 2003 and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition.

At 31 March 2006, the Company's reserves available for distribution to its shareholders comprise share premium, contributed surplus and accumulated profits which in aggregate amounted to approximately HK\$2,503 million (2005: HK\$2,487 million). Under the Companies Law (2001 Second Revision) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company is available for paying distributions or dividends to shareholders subject to the provisions of its Memorandum and Articles of Association and provided that immediately following the payment of distributions or dividends, the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, dividends shall be payable out of the profits or other reserves, including the share premium account, of the Company. 本公司的繳入盈餘指本公司於二零零三年九 月重組收購所得的附屬公司的資產淨值總額 與本公司因收購事項而發行的本公司股份的 面值的差額。

本公司可供分派予股東的儲備包括股份溢 價、繳入盈餘及累計盈餘,於二零零六年三月 三十一日的總額約為25.03億港元(二零零五 年:24.87億港元)。根據開曼群島公司法(二零 零一年第二次修訂版),在符合公司組織章程 大綱及細則的規定下,本公司的股份溢價可用 作向股東分派或支付股東股息,惟在緊隨支付 分派或股息以後,本公司仍有能力在日常業務 過程中支付到期的負債。根據本公司的公司細 則,股息須以本公司的盈利或其他儲備撥付, 包括股份溢價賬。

34. Retirement Benefits Plans

(i) Plans for Hong Kong employees

Defined benefit plan

The Group is a member of a defined benefit plan which was open to qualified employees of companies under the control of Fortune Star Trading Ltd. ("Fortune Star"). Fortune Star and the Company are under the control of the same discretionary trust, the discretionary beneficiaries of which include Mr Lee Wan Keung, Patrick, Mr Lee Man Chun, Raymond and Mr Lee Man Bun, all of them are directors of the Company. In December 2000, all the then existing members of the defined benefit plan were enrolled into a MPF Scheme and their accrued benefits for the past services under the defined benefit plan were frozen as at 30 November 2000. The defined benefit plan was closed to new employees from December 2000 onwards.

Under the defined benefit plan, employees are entitled to retirement benefits varying between 0 and 100% of their final salary as at 30 November 2000 multiplied by the pensionable service up to 30 November 2000 on attainment of a retirement age of 55. No other post-retirement benefits are provided.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation was carried out as at 31 December 2005 of HSBC Life (International) Limited. The present value of the defined benefit obligation, the related current service cost and past service cost were measured using the projected unit credit method.

The main actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

34. 退休福利計劃

(i) 為香港僱員而設的計劃 界定福利計劃

本集團是一個界定福利計劃的成員,該 計劃供Fortune Star Trading Ltd. (「Fortune Star」)控制的公司的合資格僱 員參與。Fortune Star及本公司均受同一 項全權信託所控制,其全權受益人包括 李運強先生、李文俊先生及李文斌先生 (全部均為本公司董事)。於二零零零年 十二月,界定利益計劃當時所有成員轉 為登記參與一項強積金計劃,而彼等在 界定福利計劃內就過往服務所得的累計 福利於二零零零年十一月三十日被凍 結。自二零零零年十二月起,界定福利計 劃不再供新僱員選擇。

根據界定福利計劃·僱員於年屆五十五 歲退休之齡時可獲取的退休福利相等於 其於二零零零年十一月三十日的最後薪 金的零至100%不等·乘以截至二零零零 年十一月三十日止的應計退休金的服務 年資。本集團並無提供其他退休後福利。

計劃資產及界定福利承擔現值之最近期 精算估值,乃由匯豐人壽保險(國際)有 限公司,於二零零五年十二月三十一日 作出評詁。界定福利承擔現值、相關之現 時服務成本及過去的服務成本乃採用預 估單位利益法計算。

所用的主要精算假設如下:

		31.12.2005 二零零五年 十二月三十一日	31.3.2005 二零零五年 三月三十一日
Discount rate	貼現率	4.25%	5%
Expected return on plan assets	計劃資產預期回報	5%	5%
Expected rate of salary increases	預期薪金增長率	0%	0%

The actuarial valuation showed that the market value of plan assets at 31 December 2005 was HK\$795,000 (31.3.2005: HK\$1,546,000) and that the actuarial value of these assets represented 545% (31.3.2005: 1,059%) of the benefits that were accrued to members. 精算估值顯示計劃資產於二零零五年十 二月三十一日之市價為795,000港元(二 零零五年三月三十一日:1,546,000港 元),而該等資產之精算價值乃相當於計 劃成員應得利益之545%(二零零五年三 月三十一日:1,059%)。

34. Retirement Benefits Plans (Continued)

34. 退休福利計劃 (續)

 (i) Plans for Hong Kong employees (Continued) Defined benefit plan (Continued) The credit recognised in the consolidated income statement in respect of the defined benefit plan is as follows:

(i) 為香港僱員而設的計劃(續) 界定福利計劃(續) 於綜合損益表就界定福利計劃確認的支 出如下:

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest cost Expected return on plan assets	利息成本 計劃資產預期回報	5 (95)	4 (70)
Total, included in other income	總計(已計入其他經營收入)	(90)	(66)

The actual return on plan assets for the year was HK\$94,000 (2005: HK\$69,000).

The amount included in the consolidated balance sheet in respect of the Group's defined benefit plan is as follows:

計劃資產於本年度的實際回報為94,000 港元(二零零五年:69,000港元)。

本集團的界定福利計劃已列入綜合資產 負債表的數額如下:

	二零零六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元
計劃資產公平價值 未確認精算收益 供款現值	795 (42) (146)	1,546 (80) (146)
	607	1,320
	未確認精算收益	HK\$'000 千港元 計劃資產公平價值 795 未確認精算收益 (42) 供款現值 (146)

Movements in the net assets in the year were as follows:

資產淨值於年內的變動如下:

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元
At beginning of the year Release of retirement benefit scheme Amounts credited to income statement	年初 退休福利計劃撇銷 計入收入的數額	1,320 (803) 90	1,254 - 66
At end of the year	年終	607	1,320

34. Retirement Benefits Plans (Continued)

(i) Plans for Hong Kong employees (Continued) Defined contribution scheme

The Group operates a MPF Scheme for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes the lower of HK\$1,000 or 5% of the relevant monthly payroll costs to the MPF Scheme.

(ii) Plans for PRC employees

The employees employed in the PRC subsidiaries are members of the state-managed retirement benefits schemes operated by the PRC government. The PRC subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the retirement benefits schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefits schemes is to make the required contributions under the schemes.

(iii) Plans for US employees

Defined benefit plan

The Group adopted sponsorship of the defined benefit pension plan for Hourly Employees and the Retiree Medical Plan. The adoption date was 30 June 2005. The pension plan is frozen and not accepting new participants. All participants are vested and the plan still has active participants. Pension plan benefits are based primarily on participants' compensation and years of credited service. Contributions to the pension plan are based on actuarial calculations of amounts to cover current service costs.

The main actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

34. 退休福利計劃 (續)

- (i) 為香港僱員而設的計劃(續) 界定供款計劃 本集團為所有合資格僱員設立一項強積 金計劃。該計劃的資產與本集團的資產 分開持有,以及撥入信託人管理的基金。 本集團按1,000港元或有關月薪成本的 5%,向強積金計劃供款。
- (ii) 為中國僱員而設的計劃 中國附屬公司聘用的僱員均參與中國政 府營辦的國家管理退休福利計劃。中國 附屬公司須按僱員薪金的若干百分比, 向退休福利計劃供款,作為福利之用。本 集團對退休福利計劃的唯一責任就是根 據計劃規定供款。

(iii) 為美國僱員而設的計劃 *界定福利計劃*

本集團採納界定福利計劃給予時薪僱員 及退休人士醫療計劃。採納日期為二零 零五年六月三十日。該退休計劃已被凍 結及不接納新參加者。所有參加者已獲 淮行使及該計劃現在仍有效的參加者。 退休計劃利益主要以參加者的報酬及計 入的服務年期計算。退休計劃之供款是 以足夠支付現有服務成本之精算金額為 根據。

所用的主要精算假設如下:

		2006 二零零六年
Discount rate	貼現率	5%
Expected return on plan assets	計劃資產預期回報	7%
The actuarial valuation showed that the	market value of plan	特質仕 佑 顕云計劃恣產於一零零六年三

The actuarial valuation showed that the market value of plan assets at 31 March 2006 was approximately HK\$107,801,000 and that the actuarial value of these assets represented 93% of the benefits that were accrued to members.

精算估值顯示計劃資產於二零零六年三 月三十一日之市價為107,801,000港元, 而該等資產之精算價值乃相當於計劃成 員應得利益之93%。

34. Retirement Benefits Plans (Continued)

34. 退休福利計劃 (續)

(iii) Plans for US employees (Continued) Defined benefit plan (Continued) The charge recognised in the consolidated income statement in respect of the defined benefit pension plan is as follows:

(iii) 為美國僱員而設的計劃(續) 界定福利計劃(續) 於綜合損益表內就有關界定福利計劃確 認的費用如下:

		2006 二零零六年
Current service cost	現有服務成本	1,475
Interest cost	利息成本	4,620
Expected return on plan assets	計劃資產預期回報	(5,561)
Past service cost	過去服務成本	16,905
Total, include in cost of sales	總計(已計入銷售成本)	17,439

The amount included in retirement benefit liabilities in the year in respect of the defined benefit pension plan is as follows:

就有關界定利益退休計劃下包括退休福 利負債款項如下:

2000

		2006 二零零六年
Fair value of plan assets	計劃資產公平值	107,801
Unrecognised actuarial gains	未確認之精算得益	(8,829)
Present value of funded obligations	供款現值	(116,411)
At end of the year	年終	(17,439)

Defined contribution plan

The Group sponsors a 401(k) profit sharing plan for salaried employees, the Retirement Savings Plan for Salaried Employees of US subsidiary. All salaried employees not covered by the collective bargaining agreement are eligible to participate. The maximum allowable contribution for each employee is 50% of gross wages subject to limitations set by the Internal Revenue Code. The Group will match 100% of the first 3% of employee contributions to the plan through salary deferral plus 25% of the next 2% that the employee defers.

界定供款計劃

本集團就受薪僱員贊助401(k)盈利分享 計劃,即美國附屬公司受薪僱員的退休 儲蓄計劃。所有非勞資談判合約下之受 薪僱員都有資格參加。每位僱員最高允 許的供款額為毛收入50%但受內部收入 準則管制。本集團將就計劃扣自薪金之 僱員供款首3%作出100%配對,至於僱 員其餘扣自薪金之供款之2%,本集團將 按25%作出配對。



35. Connected and Related Party Transactions and Balances

Transactions between group companies have been eliminated on

Transactions between group companies have been eliminated or consolidation and are not disclosed in this note.

During the year, the Group had significant transactions and balances with connected persons at the balance sheet date as follows:

35. 相關人士關連交易及結餘

集團內各公司間之交易己於綜合時對銷,故不 在此附註披露。

年內·本集團與關連人士進行的重大交易及於 結算日的結餘如下:

Name of party 關連人士名稱	Nature of transactions/balance 交易/結餘性質	2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK \$ ′000 千港元
Lee & Man Industrial Manufacturing	Finished goods sold 已售製成品	122,018	84,229
理文實業	Waste paper purchased 已購廢紙	7,764	6,986
	Steam sold 已售蒸氣	1,560	1,560
	Balance due from Lee & Man Industrial Manufacturing 應收理文實業結餘	22,938	612
Lee & Man Paper Products Limited (note i) 理文紙品有限公司(註i)	Licence fee paid 已付許可權費	869	861
Lee & Man Management Company Limited ("Lee & Man Management") (note ii) 理文管理有限公司 (「理文管理」) (註	Management fee paid 已付管理費 ii)	39	399

Notes:

- (i) Lee & Man Paper Products Limited is beneficially owned by of Mr Lee Wan Keung Patrick, a director of the Company.
- 附註:
- (i) 理文紙品有限公司實益擁有人為本公司董事 李運強先生。
- Lee & Man Management is a subsidiary of Lee and Man Holding Limited ("Lee & Man Holding"). Lee & Man Holding is beneficially owned by Fortune Star.
- (ii) 理文管理是Lee and Man Holding Limited (「理 文集團」)的附屬公司。理文集團由Fortune Star實益擁有。

35. Connected and Related Party Transactions and 35. 相關人士關連交易及結餘(續) **Balances** (Continued)

The remuneration of the directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

董事及其他主要管理層成員於年內之酬金如 下:

		2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term benefits Post-employment benefits	短期福利 退休福利	8,218 53	5,694 56
		8,271	5,750

36. Principal Subsidiaries

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries, all of which were wholly-owned by the Company at 31 March 2006, are as follows:

36. 主要附屬公司

本公司主要附屬公司(於二零零六年三月三十 一日均由本公司全資擁有)的詳情如下:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or establishment/ operations 註冊成立或成立/ 營運地點	Nominal value of issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊股本面值	Principal activities 主要業務
Able Advance	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary shares – US\$4	Investment holding
International Limited	英屬處女群島	普通股-4美元	投資控股
Lee & Man Industries	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary share – US\$1	Investment holding
Company Limited	英屬處女群島	普通股-1美元	投資控股
Lee & Man Paper	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary shares- US\$100	Investment holding
International Limited	英屬處女群島	普通股-100美元	投資控股
Evergreen Trading	Malaysia	Ordinary shares – US\$2	Procurement of raw materials
Company Limited	馬來西亞	普通股-2美元	採購原料
Lee Kwok (Macao Commercial Offshore) Trading Limited 利國 (澳門離岸商業服務) 貿易有限公司	Macau 澳門	MOP100,000 澳門幣100,000元	Procurement of raw materials 採購原料



36. Principal Subsidiaries (Continued)

36. 主要附屬公司(續)

or establishment/ operations Name of subsidiary 註冊成立或成立/		Nominal value of issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊股本面值		Principal activities 主要業務	
Wang Kei (Macao Commercial Offshore) Trading Limited 宏基(澳門離岸商業服務) 貿易有限公司	Macau 澳門	MOP100,000 澳門幣100,000元		Export trading of paper 紙張出口貿易	
東莞理文造紙廠有限公司 (Dongguan Lee & Man Paper Factory Co., Ltd.)	PRC (note) 中國 (附註)	Registered o US\$118,4 註冊資本-1		Manufacturing and trading of paper 造紙生產及貿易	
廣東理文造紙有限公司 (Guangdong Lee & Man Paper Manufacturing Limited)	PRC (note) 中國 (附註)	Registered capital – US\$119,529,348 註冊資本-119,529,348美元		Manufacturing and trading of paper 造紙生產及貿易	
江蘇理文造紙有限公司 (Jiangsu Lee & Man Paper Manufacturing Company Limited)	PRC (note) 中國 (附註)	Registered capital – US\$117,500,000 註冊資本-117,500,000美元		Manufacturing and trading of paper 造紙生產及貿易	
Evergreen Pulp Inc.	United States of America 美國	Ordinary shares – US\$1,000 普通股-1,000美元		Manufacturing of pulp 造漿	
Note: The companies are wholly foreign owned investment enterprises established in the PRC.			附註:該等公司是於中國成立的全外商擁有之投資 企業。		
With the exception of Able Advance International Limited, all the subsidiaries are indirectly held.			除了Able Advance International Limited外,所 有附屬公司均為間接持有的附屬公司。		
The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or assets and liabilities of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.			董事認為·上表列出的本公司附屬公司·乃主 要影響本集團業績或資產與負債的公司。董事 認為·列出其他附屬公司的詳情會使本附註過 於冗長·故未有列載有關資料。		

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year, or at any time during the year.

於年結日或年內任何時間,各附屬公司概無任 何未償還的債務證券。

		Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度				
		2002 二零零二年 HK \$ ′000 千港元	2003 二零零三年 HK\$′000 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元	2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元
RESULTS	業績					
Turnover	營業額	738,885	1,028,406	1,701,055	2,771,423	3,778,054
Profit before taxation Income tax expenses	除税前盈利 利得税開支	175,520 _	215,076 (2,000)	290,128 (5,250)	423,436 (5,693)	625,586 (25,558)
Profit for the year	年度盈利	175,520	213,076	284,878	417,743	600,028

At 31 March

三月三十一日

		2002 二零零二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2003 二零零三年 HK\$′000 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK \$ ′000 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元	2006 二零零六年 HK\$′000 千港元
Assets and liabilities	資產與負債					
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總值 負債總額	1,102,480 (807,822)	1,929,783 (1,435,267)	3,409,123 (1,505,725)	4,113,393 (1,071,932)	5,774,016 (2,196,972)
Shareholders' funds	股東資金	294,658	494,516	1,903,398	3,041,461	3,577,044

Note: The Company was incorporated and registered as an exempted company in the Cayman Islands on 21 May 2003 and became the holding company of the Group as a result of a group reorganisation in September 2003. The financial summary has been presented on the basis that the Company had been the holding company of the Group from the beginning of the earliest period presented. 附註:本公司於二零零三年五月二十一日於開曼群島註 冊成立及登記為獲豁免公司,並因為集團重組而於 二零零三年九月成為本集團的控股公司。財務摘要 乃按本公司自最早呈報期間開始一直是本集團控 股公司的基準而呈報。